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THE OBSERVER AND REPORTER

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D. C. WICKLIFFE,

AT FOUR DOLLARS IN ADVANCE, OR FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS AT THE END OF SIX MONTHS.

ADVERTISING.—For 18 lines or less, 3 times weekly, or 4 times semi-weekly, $1 50; three months weekly, $4; semi-weekly, $3; six months weekly, $7 50; semi-weekly, $10; twelve months weekly, $15; semi-weekly, $20. Yearly advertisements to be paid or half yearly in advance; for a shorter time, in advance.

THE UNION BELL.

BY B. A. GAINES.

Ring, O, ring the Union Bell—
I love to hear it chime,
It makes the patriot heart to swell
With joy of the good old time,
When Clay and Webster stood, sublime;
With the pride of honest hearts,
And bid defiance to the slime
Of the fire-eaters darts.

Let the disunion blood-hounds bark!
'Tis all that they can do,
We may admit their cloud is dark,
And loud their thunders, too,
But the Union BELL, of Tennessee,
Will ring a louder peal
To set the expectant spirit free,
And stamp the Union seal.

A word about our EVERETT,
That pure and noble one—
What honest heart can e'er forget
The friend of Washington—
His eulogy on "Vernons chief,"
Now forms a new and brilliant leaf,
In the life of Washington.

GRIFFIN, August 13, 1860.

"THE RISING OF THE SUN."

Lieut. WM. B. WHITING, of the United States Navy, contributes the following interesting memorandum to the Philadelphia Sunday School Times:

In the years 1853 and 1854 I was engaged in surveying one of the southernmost of the group of Japanese islands, and in the course of exploration had discovered a bay of great beauty, which communicated with the ocean by a serpentine entrance in the shape of the letter S, which spread at its island extremity into a wide lake-like expanse of water, where hundreds of vessels might safely ride at anchor, entirely out of sight from the open sea. Our surveying camp was pitched at the inner bend of this entrance, and on the western shore of the bay which lay like a lake before us. On our right hand lay the village of O-koo kah; on our left a range of high wooded hills, (which formed the nor h ern boundary of the bay;) in our rear a high cliff, overtopped by venerable trees, and in front stretching many miles to the eastward, this beautiful sheet of water bounded immediately at our feet by a semi circular belt of sand beach, and on its opposite shore (in the distance) by undulating hills. Here we were encamped when I received an order, brought by a native post-carrier, to return with the surveying party to the squadron, which lay about seventy miles distant. By making a very early start I hoped to accomplish this in one day. During the several months of my absence on this surveying expedition I had assembled all the party, for divine worship every morning, either in the large dining tent or under the flag staff, but this morning of our departure to rejoin the squadron I omitted this service until after we started. We breakfasted by candlelight, and before dawn our tents were all struck and stowed in the boats, and everything was ready for our embarkation.

Early as it was the shore was crowded with natives who had assembled to see us leave. As the morn advanced the darkness of night gave place to the dawning of day, and already a ruddy tinge in the eastern sky heralded the coming sun, and was reflected in the water, which, like a mirror, (for its surface was unruffled by a breath of air,) stretched far away to the distant hills, which were vividly revealed against the glowing sky, while a gray mist lay upon and partially veiled the rest of the landscape, as I gave the order to "shove off."

The boats pulled silently outwards from the beach until about two hundred yards from the shore, when I ordered them to draw near to each other, and then the rowers to lay on their oars. Every man's head was uncovered, and I rose and read the impressive morning service of the Episcopal Church, commencing with the beautiful passage from the first chapter of Malachi: "From the rising of the sun, even unto the going down of the same, my name shall be great among the Gentiles; and in every place incense shall be offered unto my name, and a pure offering; for my name shall be great among the heathen, saith the Lord of Hosts."

I have since reflected with much pleasure on this scene; its physical beauty, to which earth, air, sky, and water, and even man contributed; and its moral beauty, as those hills and trees and rocks and waves heard, for the first time since the day of their creation, their Creator's praise, (for the former introduction of Christianity into Japan never extended to this island.)

An additional significance is given to this paragraph from Malachi by the fact that the word "Nip-hon" (the Japanese do not know or acknowledge the word Japan, but apply the name "Nip-hon" to all parts of the Japanese empire) signifies literally "the rising of the sun"—a name to which Japan, as the most eastern land on the eastern continent, and on which the rays of the rising sun, as it lifts its glory above the billows of the Pacific ocean, are first cast, seems well entitled. This preamble from Malachi, 1st chapter and 11th verse, might correctly be translated into the Japanese language to read: "From Japan to the setting of the sun, my name shall be great among the Gentiles: and in every place incense shall be offered to my name, and pure offering; for my name shall be great among the heathen, saith the Lord of Hosts."

A missionary in Low Chew expressed his belief to me that the prophecy in the XLIXth chapter of Isaiah, of "the isles of the sea," "the people from afar," and "the ends of the earth" referred expressly to Japan.

In the 12th verse of that same chapter occurs this passage: "Behold, these shall come from far; and lo, these from the north and from the west; and these from the land of Sinim." Commentators on the Bible were for a long time disagreed as to the locality of this 'land of Sinim." Some thought it referred to a province in the northern part of Egypt, and some to the Desert of Sin, in Arabia; though all agreed that, from the context, it must be east or south from Palestine. Now, however, all writers agree that it designates China, and if it does so, the fact strengthens the probability of the other passages referring to Japan, (indeed the suppositions reciprocally support each other,) although the Low Chewan missionary of whom I spoke had no thought of the former country nor of this prophecy of "the land of Sinim" when he expressed his belief that some parts of that XLIXth chapter of Isaiah referred to Japan.

Admitting the truth of this belief, and also that this assimilation to the national name of Japan in the 11th verse of the first chapter of Malachi is not accidental, we have the fact that this distant country and these strange people have been made the subjects of special notice in God's inspired word: the conversion of the Japanese to the Gospel of Christ predicted there, and the Kingdom of Japan designated as one of the provinces of Christ's future kingdom on earth.

The bare possibility of this being the case gives to the Christian an increased interest in every thing concerning that Land of the Rising Sun.

FASHIONABLE WOMEN.—Fashion kills more women than toil or sorrow. Obedience to fashion is a greater transgression of the laws of woman's nature, a greater injury to her physical and mental constitution, than the hardships of poverty and neglect. The slave woman at her task will live and grow old, and see two or three generations of her mistresses fade and pass away. The washer-woman, with scarce a ray of hope to cheer her toils, will live to see her fashionable sisters all die round her. The kitchen maid is hearty and strong when her lady has to be nursed like a sick baby. It is a sad truth that fashion-pampered women are almost worthless for all the great ends of human life. They have but little force of character; they have still less power of moral will, and quite as little physical energy. They live for no great purpose in life; they accomplish no worthy ends. They are only doll forms in the hands of milliners and servants, to be dressed and fed to order. They dress nobody; they feed nobody; they instruct nobody; they bless nobody, and save nobody. They write no books; they set no rich examples of virtue and womanly life. If they rear children, servants and nurses do all, save to conceive and give them birth. And when reared, what are they? What do they ever amount to, but weaker scions of the old stock? Who ever heard of a fashionable woman's child exhibiting any virtue or power of mind for which it became eminent?—Read the biographies of our great and good men and women. Not one of them had a fashionable mother. They nearly all sprung from strong-minded women, who had about as little to do with fashion as with the changing clouds.

Resuscitation after Hanging—A Remarkable Experience.

A few well-authenticated instances are recorded of criminals who have been restored to consciousness afer having suffered at the hands of the hangman. One of the most interesting of these cases occurred in Paris in 1776. In that year, a young girl of very prepossessing appearance, from one of the interior provinces of France, was placed at Paris, in the service of a man depraved by all the vices of that corrupt metropolis.—Smitten by her charms, he attempted her ruin, but was unsuccessful. Incensed at his defeat, he determined on revenge, and, in furtherance of his design, secretly placed in her trunk articles belonging to him and marked with his name. He then denounced her to a magistrate; who caused her to be arrested, and the missing articles being found in her possession, she was brought to trial. In her defence she could only assert her ignorance of the manner in which the articles came in her trunk, and protest her innocence. She was found guilty, and the sentence of death was pronounced upon her.—The hangman's office was inefficiently performed, it being the first attempt of the executioner's son. The body was delivered into the hands of the surgeon, by whom it had been purchased. He immediately conveyed it home, and was proceeding to dissect it, when he perceived a slight warmth about the heart. By the prompt use of proper remedies, he restored the suspended animation. In the mean time he sent for a trust worthy priest, and when the unfortunate girl opened her eyes she supposed herself "in another world," and addressing the priest, (who was a man of a marked and majestic countenance,) exclaimed: "Eternal Father, you know my innocence; have pity on me." In her simplicity believing she beheld her Maker, she continued to sue for mercy, and it was sometime before she realized she was still in the land of the living. The surgeon and priest being convinced of her innocence, she retired to a village far from the scene of her unjust punishment. The community subsequently became acquainted with her story, and the author of her misery became an object of reproach and contempt, though it does not appear that any attempt was made to bring him to justice.

A HERO.—John B. Gough, the celebrated Temperance Lecturer, who has returned to the United States from a visit to his native England, related in one of his recent speeches the following anecdote:

"John Maynard was well known in the Lake district as a God-fearing, honest, intelligent pilot. He was a pilot on a steamer from Detroit to Buffalo one summer afternoon. At that time, those steamers seldom carried boats. Smoke was seen ascending from below, and the crptain called out:—'Simpson, go down and see what that smoke is.' Simpson came up with his face as pale as ashes, and said, 'Captain, the ship is on fire!' Then, 'Fire! fire! fire! fire on shipboard!' All hands were called up. Buckets of water were dashed upon the fire, but in vain. There were large quantities of rosin and tar on board; and it was useless to attempt to save the ship. The passengers rushed forward, and inquired of the pilot, 'How far are we from Buffalo?' 'Seven miles.' 'How long before we reach it?'—'Three-quarters of an hour at our present rate of steam.' 'Is there any danger?'—'Danger *here*—see the smoke bursting out! *—go forward*, if you would save your lives!' Passengers and crew, men, women and children, crowded the forward part of the ship. John Maynard stood at the helm. The flames burst forth in a sheet of fire; clouds of smoke arose; the captain cried out through his trumpet, 'John Maynard!'—'Aye, aye, sir!' 'Are you at the helm?'—'Aye, aye, sir!' 'How does she head?' 'South-east-by-east, sir.' 'Head her south-east and run her on shore.' Nearer, nearer, yet nearer she approached the shore. Again the captain cried out, 'John Maynard!' The response came feebly, 'Aye, aye, sir!' 'Can you hold on five minutes longer, John?'—'By God's help, I will!' The old man's hair was scorched from the scalp, one hand disabled, his knee upon the stanchion, and his teeth set, with his other hand upon the wheel he stood firm as a rock. He beached the ship—every man, woman and child was saved, as John Maynard dropped, and his spirit took its flight to its God." [Sensation.]

AN UNFORTUNATE SON.—We clip the following from the New York correspondent of the Boston Journal:

One who frequents Broadway, or any of our fashionable promenades, will notice the daily walk of a gentleman who saunters leisurely along, followed quite closely by a man, apparently bent under seventy years, and stooping so constantly as to seem almost to crouch as he walks. He follows his leader like a shadow, and goes into all possible places with his attendant. The feeble old man is John Jacob Astor, son of the famed Astor, whose name is identical with the Astor Library. He was a bright and promising boy, and till seventeen years of age, gave promise of much genius. Reports vary as to the cause of his mental decline; but the best accounts attribute it to the mental forcing system, and to the intense study that occupied his early years. But, true it is, that he has been for years a hopeless imbecile, and has been as much more care than an infant as a strong athletic person can be. Ample provision has always been made for all the comforts he is able to enjoy. An elegant mansion on Fourteenth street is his abode.—It is fitted up with elegance and taste. A yard, comprising an entire square, secures all the privacy that is needed. Room for walking, riding on horseback, and for recreation is afforded. Horses, carriages and servants wait on his call.

The gentleman who has the care of Mr. Astor has long devoted himself solely to him. He has such command over him, that he can guide and control him at will, which no one else can do. Ample compensation is given to the attendant. He has the house and all the servants—the equipage and everything at his command. Besides a liberal provision made for him in Mr. Astor's will, he receives above the house and living the sum of $6,000 per annum. But he is not alone an hour.—Sleeping, waking, walking, riding, at home, abroad, one of the invited guests at all places, and in all his movements follows him.—The family of Mr. Astor are kind and tender to their relation, visiting him daily, seeing that all his wants are attended to, and in the most scrupulous manner carrying out all the wishes of the father in regard to one whom he called in his will "his unfortunate son."

THE HOUSEHOLD OF BOUVERIE,

OR THE

Elixir of Gold,

BY

MRS. CATHARINE B. WARFIELD,

OF KENTUCKY.

2 Vols. 12mo. Price $2.

BITHCOCK & SEARLES.

oct 16 53

Commissioner's Sale.

BY virtue of a judgment of the Fayette Circuit Court, rendered at the August term, 1860, in the equitable action of Henry Skillman, &c. against Elizabeth Skillman, I will sell to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 3rd of November, 1860, on the premises, the following described Property, to-wit:

A House and Lot

on Church street in the city of Lexington, near the City Hall. Also, the

HOUSE AND LOT,

with Office attached, on the corner of Upper and Hill streets, known as the Richardson house. Also, the

HOUSE AND LOT

next above on Hill street. Also, the

HOUSE & LOT

on the Corner of Upper and Church streets. Also, the

House and Lot

known as a the Jucho House.

Also, the perpetual lease on the

Grocery Store House,

occupied by Hale & Smedley,

TERMS.—One third cash, the balance in equal instalments of one and two years, the purchasers to execute bonds for the deferred payments—a lien reserved.

THO. W. BULLOCK,
M. C. F. C. C.

oct 6 52

MILLINERY!

Mrs. E. Webb

Having dissolved all partnerships heretofore existing between her and other parties, in the Millinery Business, and adjusted all claims against her, would announce to her old friends and customers, that she is now ready to wait upon them with any thing they may desire in the

Millinery or Mantua Making Line,

at her old stand, corner of Main Street and Broadway.

Her Millinery Goods have been purchased for Cash, and will be sold on the same terms at the lowest possible rates.

Bargains may be had, and no mistake. Call and see, is my declaration for yourselves.

October 10 52-amt $2*

Ky. Statesman and Nicholasville Democrat copy each to amount of $1 50 and charge this office.

PIANO TUNING.

We have secured the services of

MR. S. EDERHEIMER,

who has been the principal

Piano Tuner and Regulator

OF the Messrs. Chickering of Boston for four years, and of Stodart of New York for three years. We believe him the best tuner now in the West.

We propose to keep Pianos in tune in the city of Lexington on the following terms:

We will send Mr. Ederheimer FOUR TIMES A YEAR for 6 (SIX) DOLLARS, payable within the year on demand. The advantage will be that Pianos will be *in perfect tune at all times*. The custom heretofore has been to employ a tuner, only, when the Piano is too much out of tune to be used.

We hope the citizens of Lexington, who wish to avail themselves of the advantage offered, will leave their names at our **Music and Fancy Store, No. 4 Higgins Block**, *as soon as convenient*, since the number of Pianos to be attended to will necessarily be limited.

R. DE ROODE & CO.

oct 10 53

KENTUCKY NURSERY,

Terrace Garden, Newport, Ky.

I HAVE made arrangements with Dr. JOSEPH TAYLOR, the Proprietor, for furnishing me with stock from this Nursery.

The extent of stock is unequalled in the West, there being Eighty Acres in Nursery, and consisting in part of 475,000 Apple Trees; 120,000 Peach trees; 50,000 Pear trees; 40,000 Grape Vines of the common kind, 2,000 of fine class, such as Delaware, Concord, Diana, Rebermont, &c., &c.; 25,000 Gooseberries, 20,000 Currants, and any amount and variety of fine Strawberries.

50,000 Evergreens and Shade Trees, and Ornamental Shrubs; Roses, Green House Plants, &c.

All of which I am authorized to sell at very low rates, wholesale or retail.

Any orders for Fall or Spring delivery, will be thankfully received.

There is now no necessity for sending your orders North, when a better stock is to be had in our own vicinity.

☞ Catalogues of Fruits and Prices can be had by calling at my Grocery Store, corner of Main and Limestone streets, opposite the Post Office.

Every thing warranted true to name.

For the character of the trees from this Nursery, persons are referred to James Foley and John C. Young who have dealt extensively with it.

june 30 24- R. HARCOURT.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED for the sale of Kohler's celebrated Models, for Cutting Ladies Dresses, and Gentlemen's Clothing. From ten to fifteen dollars per day can be made at it. For further information address George Heidelberg, Short street, Lexington, Ky.

oct 6 52-4m

FOR SALE.

I OFFER my RESIDENCE, on Short St., near the new Baptist Church, for sale. The Lot fronts 140 feet on Short street, and is 228 feet deep. The House contains six rooms, besides Servants' room, Kitchen, &c. On the lot is a large Office, Stable, good cistern and well. There is also quite a variety of choice fruit trees.

Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and see the property.

oct 3 51 JOHN C. DARBY.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO WOMAN 22 years old, a good seamstress, Cook, Washer and Ironer, and sold for no fault. For information apply at this office.

oct 10 53-tf

FALL & WINTER

GOODS!

1860. 1860.

RECEIVED AND READY

FOR SALE.

CLOAKS!

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Velvet, Cloth and Misses

CLOAKS!

J. H. SHROPSHIRE.

October 3 51-

LOST.

A WHITE POINTER DOG with yellow head and ears, a white streak between the eyes, with a yellow spot the size of half a dollar between the eyes. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the dog to

oct 3 51 W. S. SCOTT.

WOOD FOR SALE.

DELIVERED at any time in any quantity.—Orders left at McCracken's Stable will be promptly attended to.

oct 3 51-tf F. P. HORD.

Paraffine Wax Candles.

20 BOXES Patent Paraffine Candles just received.

These candles are handsomer and burn as well as the best sperm, and are twenty-five per cent. cheaper.

oct 3 51 HUNTER & BRUCE.

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL FAMILY NEGROES, which the owner sells not from any fault.

For further information, enquire at the County Clerk's Office.

october 3 51-

SALT! SALT!

A LARGE consignment of **Brooks' Kanawha Salt**, just received and for salby

sept 22 48- W. C. HAMILTON & CO.

SOLD.

L. P. MILWARD has sold his Premium Toilet Sett for the small sum of $15,00. A duplicate can be made for the same amount if any one wishes it

AT L. P. MILWARD'S,
Mill street, opposite Carty's Grocery.

sept 26 49

TIN WARE,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT L. P. MILWARD'S,

sept 26 49 Mill street, Lexington, Ky.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF

CITY PROPERTY!

AS Trustee of H. LANCASTER and H. LANCASTER & SON, I will sell to the highest bidder, (if not sold privately before the day of sale,)

On Saturday, October 27th, 1860,

THE FOLLOWING

HOUSES AND LOTS

In the City of Lexington:

No. 1.—THE RESIDENCE of said H. Lancaster—a **Large and Commodious Brick**, on the corner of Mill and Maxwell streets.—The above house is entirely new, with modern improvements and out-buildings.

No. 2.—A **Brick House**, on South Mill street, a new and comfortable Family Residence.

No. 3.—A New **Frame House**, on the South-east corner of Mill and Maxwell streets.

No. 4.—A **Brick House**, on Vine street, between Broadway and Mill streets, with an abundance of water.

No. 5.—A **Small Frame House**, on North Maxwell street.

No. 6.—A **Brick House**, on the corner of Upper and Bolivar streets, containing 13 rooms, with a good well of water

Nos. 7, 8 & 9.—**Three Frame Houses**, on Broadway, with a good well of water.

No. 10.—**Seven Building Lots**, on Broadway, each fronting about — feet.

No. 11.—The **Carpenter Shop**, together with the MACHINERY NECESSARY FOR CARRYING ON THE CARPENTER'S BUSINESS, having all the improvements in Machinery—good Boiler and Steam Engine, with a never failing well of water.

☞ The above property will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder.

TERMS.—A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, will be given, the purchaser required to give bond for the purchase money, in equal instalments, having the force and effect of a judgment, and bearing interest from the day of sale.

BENJ. F. GRAVES,

October 6 52-tds Trustee.

SECOND IMPORTATION

OF

FANCY & STAPLE

DRY GOODS

RICH Moire Antique Silks,
Plain black Taffeta,
Plain rich Reps,
Gro de Rhine,
Fancy Brocade,
Poult de Soie,
Gro de Athens,

Plain Taffeta and rich Satins,
Rich plain and embroidered Irish Poplins,
Rept and embroidered Velours,
Poil de Chevra and Magenta Spots,
Brocade Stripe Ottoman,
Fine printed De Laines,

Neat Chints figured De Laines,
Misses' De Laine Robes,
French Merinos and Satin de Chine,
Printed Merinos and Cashmeres,
Lupin's bl'k and col'd De Laines,
Lupin's black Bombasine.

EMBROIDERIES.

Hemstitched and embroidered Handkerchiefs,
New style Collars,
Lace Setts,
Val. Laces,
Linen Edge and inserting,
Infant Waists,

A large stock of Jaconet Bands and Edgings.

LINENS.

Linen Sheetings,
8-4 and 10-4 Table Damask,
Damask Towels,
Damask Napkins,
Damask Doilies,
Huck and Diaper Toweling,
Extra Pillow Linen,

Richardson's and Dunbar & Dickson's 4-4 Irish Linen.

FLANNELS.

Ballardvale Flannel,
4-4 and 10-4 Shaker Flannel,
Red and gray Flannel,
Gilbert's colored Opera Flannel.

Farmers' and Planters' Heavy Goods.

3-4, 4-4, and 5-4 Plaid Linsey,
Full Cloth and Kentucky Jeans,
Large stock Bleached Cottons,
Canton Flannels,
Velvet and Cloth Cloaks.

All at reduced prices, at

BELL, BERKLEY & CO'S.

Lexington, Sept 29 53-1m

Oysters! Oysters! Oysters!

I AM now receiving daily, per Adams & Co.'s Express,

LARGE BALTIMORE PEARL

OYSTERS,

In cans and half cans, which I will sell as low as any other House in the West.

My OYSTER SALOONS are now open for the season, and I will serve up Oysters as desired at any time through the day or night, and those in want of a Cup of good Tea or Coffee, can also be accommodated at my Saloons No. 10, Main street, Lexington, Ky.

sept 29 50 JOHN W. LEE.

NOTICE.

I HAVE made W. C. HAMILTON & CO. my agents for the sale of my

Flour and Meal,

and my friends and customers and the public, can at all times obtain a first rate article by calling on them.

JAMES BROWN.

may 23 12

NEW GOODS!

ALLEN, PLUNKETT & CO.,

Are opening a general stock of

FALL & WINTER

NEW GOODS,

EMBRACING the new styles for both seasons. Also, an assortment of good

Ready-Made Clothing,

All of which they are prepared to sell their customers, and purchasers generally, at the *lowest prices for cash*, or credit to punctual dealers, from all of whom they respectfully solicit an early call.

☞ Linseys, Jeans and Socks, taken in exchange for goods. A. P. & CO.

sept 19 47

Commissioner's Sale.

BY virtue of a judgment of the Fayette Circuit Court, rendered at the June term, 1860, in the equitable action of L. J. Beard against Thomas Grant, I will sell to the highest bidder, on the 21st of October, 1860, on the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND

fronting on Mechanics Alley in the city of Lexington, being the same lot sold to said Grant by John McMurtry, or so much thereof as will satisfy the judgment herein, on a credit of six months, the purchaser to execute bond with approved security, having the force and effect of a judgment, and bearing interest from date.

THO. W. BULLOCK,
M. C. F. C. C.

oct 6 52

Plows! Plows!

WE have on hand a complete assortment of the celebrated **Miller Plow**.

W. C. HAMILTON & CO.

sept 15 40

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs,
Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs,
Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs,
Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs,
Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs,

arising from excesses, early indiscretions, exposures and imprudencies, and removing all improper discharges, whether existing in

Male or Female, Male or Female,
Male or Female, Male or Female,
Male or Female, Male or Female.

It is a fact long since established, that persons suffering with any disease of these organs are affected in bodily health and mental powers, and experience many alarming symptoms, among which will be found: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Langour, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, often Enormous Appetite, with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pains in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffocation and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness. These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow—*Loss of Power, Futuity and Epileptic Fits.*

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases, INSANITY and CONSUMPTION. The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness of the truth of this assertion.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU

Is a certain, safe, and speedy cure, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of

How Long Standing, How Long Standing,
How Long Standing, How Long Standing,
How Long Standing, How Long Standing,

It is taken without Hindrance from Business, and little, if any, change of diet.

Is pleasant in its taste and odor,
And immediate in its action.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing ailments.

PROCURE THE REMEDY AT ONCE,
PROCURE THE REMEDY AT ONCE,
PROCURE THE REMEDY AT ONCE,

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

As a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simply delicate to the confined and despairing invalid.

NO EQUAL IS TO BE FOUND,
NO EQUAL IS TO BE FOUND,
NO EQUAL IS TO BE FOUND.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5; delivered to any address. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Depot, 104 South 10th Street, below Chestnut, Philadelphia.

Describe symptoms in all communications.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS

Who endeavor to dispose "OF THEIR OWN" and "OTHER" ARTICLES ON THE REPUTATION OBTAINED BY

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
" " Extract Buchu,
" " " Sarsaparilla,
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by

GEO. W. NORTON,

Who is exclusive Wholesale & Retail Agent for Lexington, Ky.,

AND ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.—TAKE NO OTHER.

Cut out the advertisement and send for it,
And avoid imposition and exposure.

may 19 12-

Private Entertainment.

THE subscriber is prepared to take Boarders by the day or week, and to furnish meals singly when desired, in the building attached to the Fayette County Jail. His terms are much below those of the regular hotels. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

sept 22 48 WM. H. LUSBY.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made to the President and Directors of the Northern Bank of Kentucky for renewal of Certificate for twenty four shares of the capital stock of said Bank, issued in the name of A. & J. Fredd, which original certificate has been lost.

A. & J. FREDD.

sept 26 49-2m

TAKE NOTICE

Lovers of Rye Bread!

ON and after this date I will make fresh Rye Bread every morning. Customers by leaving their names at my store, No. 10 Main street, can be supplied from my Wagon with Rye, Brown and White Wheat bread.

Feb 25, 1860. JOHN W. LEE.

THE NATIONAL UNION!

THE BEST

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

FOR

CLARK COUNTY.

OUR PAPER is yet in its infancy, yet it has a Larger circulation in Clark County than any other paper.

We take this method of informing the Business Men of Lexington and elsewhere, that if they wish to advertise in the "rich old county of Clark," that they will find the "UNION" the best medium through which to do so.

We also have a good circulation in the adjoining counties, but in Clark especially has the "Union" a larger circulation than any other paper.

Read the following certificate from our Post-Master, which verifies our assertion beyond a doubt:

POST OFFICE, Winchester, Ky.

I, J. W. Laughlin, Post-Master at Winchester, Clark county, Ky., certify that the "*National Union*" has a larger circulation at this office than any other paper.

J. W. LAUGHLIN, P. M.

☞ WM. FURNELL is our authorised Agent for Lexington, and will contract for us.

JACKSON & HANLY,
Proprietors.

October 6 52-

BOYLE GARDENS,

NEAR DANVILLE, KY.

THE Proprietor offers for the Fall and Spring Trade, his large stock of **FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES**, which consists of a very extensive assortment, and also being much superior in quality to any before offered consisting in part of

APPLES—Strong and thrifty, 6 to 7 feet high, comprising the best varieties—10 to 20 cts.
PEARS—Standards and Dwarfs, of the best sorts—35 to 50c.
CHERRIES—5 to 8 feet high, with fine heads—35 to 50c.
PLUMS—5 to 7 feet high, very strong—35 to 50c.
PEACHES—Embracing 50 sorts—10 to 20c.
APRICOTS and NECTARINES—of the best varieties.
RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, &c., of many varieties.
GRAPES—The native sorts, Isabella, Ohio, Lenois, &c.; also Catawba by the quantity for vineyard planting.
EVERGREENS—Norway Spruce, Balsam Silver Fir, Scotch Pine, White Pine, uni corns, &c.
ROSES, VINES, &c.

☞ Priced catalogues ready.

G. H. WITHERS, Proprietor,
DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN
Agents, Lexington, Ky.

Boyle co., November 5 60

T. D. McCAW,

Attorney and Counsellor

AT LAW,

LEXINGTON, KY.

☞ OFFICE on Short Street.

Oct 3, 1860 51

WHEAT WANTED.

I WISH to purchase 25,000 bushels of prime White and Red Wheat, for which the highest price in cash will be paid upon delivery at my Mills in Lexington.

july 28 32- F. MONTMOLLIN, JR.

☞ FIRST RATE FLOUR always on hand and for sale at my Mills. It will be delivered any where in the city.

july 28 32- F. MONTMOLLIN, JR.

LIME! LIME!

FRESH UNSLACKED LIME, of the best quality for sale, either at wholesale or retail, by

july 25 3 DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

OYSTER SALOON.

OUR OYSTER SALOON has been neatly and newly fitted up for the present season, where we are prepared to serve up Oysters day or night, in any manner that may be desired. We are in receipt daily of the finest

Fresh Oysters,

Direct from Baltimore, warranted to be equal to the best in the market.

☞ Families supplied by the can or in any quantity that may be required.

HOLLENKAMP & KRAUSS,

sept 8 44 Confectioners, Main st.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of TILFORD & BARCLAY in the Banking business in this city, was dissolved by the death of Jno. L. Barclay on the 20th inst. The business will be continued by the undersigned on his own account.

JNO. B. TILFORD.

April 25, 1860. 5

Notice to Brick Masons.

ONE or two good Masons can get constant employment by immediate application to the subscriber.

aug 4 34 JNO. C. YOUNG.

NOTICE.

I WISH to purchase for my own use a good Cook and good Wash Woman.

J. O. HARRISON.

august 1 33-tf

Negro Girl for Sale.

I HAVE a NEGRO GIRL, 14 years of age, of fine character and an excellent servant that I wish to sell. For further information enquire at this office.

Aug 8-35

Pumphrey Wheat Fans,

CORN SHELLERS,

HAY RAKES, CUTTING BOXES by hand or horse-power: Cider Mills, Cultivators, &c. Call on us for anything in the Machine line, and sell us all kinds of produce.

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

july 18 29

Wool! Wool! Wool!

THE undersigned are still buying WOOL and are giving the highest cash price. They can be found at their Mills adjoining the Gas works, where they are prepared to receive the Wool.

STANDEFORD & ALLEN,

june 16 20- Lexington Woolen Mills.

TO MY CUSTOMERS.

MY Books were closed on the first day of July. My terms are cash from that date, before the work is removed. I am driven to this course by my losses. My losses nearly exceed my gains.

Those owing me on account I hope will call and settle as soon as they can, as I cannot spend half my time with books and accounts.

I have a number of *ROCKAWAYS*, double seat and single seat *BUGGIES*, which I will sell at reasonable rates for good paper.

july 18 29 E. A. BEACH.

LEXINGTON, July 16th, 1860.

To the Merchants of Lexington:

GENTLEMEN:—The classifications of Freight of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad differing from those of the Kentucky Central Railroad has created some annoyance to you on the delivery of your Goods, and, to avoid this in future, we hereby announce that to day we have authorized W. S. McCHESNEY to adjust all such claims with you, according to your through bill of Lading.

T. McBURNIE,
Agent Balt. & Ohio R. R. at Cin.

N. B.—Your further patronage is respectfully solicited. july 18 29-

D. T. & J. B. MORTON

DRUGGISTS,

BEG leave to invite the attention of Physicians, Dealers, and the public generally, to their Fall supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Fancy & Toilet Articles, &c.

They are now receiving a large stock of Goods in their line, which they offer at reasonable prices.

Physicians and Dealers, who have heretofore bought in Louisville and Cincinnati, we think, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

We also sell *Improved Magneto-Electric Machines*, of superior quality, (used without acid) at moderate prices.

Paints, Window Glass, &c.

PAINTERS, Dealers in Paints, and Farmers, will find at the Drug Store of the undersigned, Pure White Lead, French Zinc, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Chrome Green, Burnt Umber, Window Glass, Putty, Paint and White Wash Brushes—all at prices to suit the times.

Call on, or address

D. T. & J. B. MORTON,
Druggists, Lexington, Ky.

sept 29 50-

Cooking and Heating Stoves,

Marble and Slate Mantles,
Rubber Packing and Belting,
Chain Pumps,
Plain and Enamelled Grates,
Fire Brick and Clay,
Nails and Spikes,
&c., &c., &c.

For sale low, by JOHN T. MILLER,
Main street, next door below Oldham & Scott's Cotton Store.

sep 29 50-1m

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY!

GUNS, PISTOLS,

Tools, &c.

THE subscriber is now in receipt of a full and complete assortment of **Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Tools, &c.**, of the very best quality, which he will sell at the very lowest prices, for Cash, or, on usual time, to punctual dealers.

JOHN T. MILLER,
Main street, next door to Oldham & Scott's Cotton Store.

sep 29 50-1m

NOTICE.

LESLIE C. & J. M. GRAVES, desire to notify their friends and the public generally, that they have just received from Cincinnati a new and splendid **OMNIBUS**, which, with fine horses and a careful driver, is at all times at the service of those who may want it.

Having had repeated applications recently for an Omnibus for parties who were too numerous for a Carriage, they determined to be able to supply all who desire such a conveyance hereafter, and they now have it.

☞ Carriages Buggies, and fine Saddle Horses always in readiness for those who may call for them.

☞ The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Lexington, sept 1 42

FLOUR! FLOUR!

A COMPLETE Stock of **Brown's Celebrated Flour**, always on hand and for sale by

sept 22 48- W. C. HAMILTON & CO.

MORE LIGHT.

WE have received the neatest and handsomest **COAL OIL LAMPS** ever brought to Lexington.

Every day brings fresh testimonials of the superiority of the Lamps sold by us, over many bad burning and troublesome ones in the market.—We sell none but the BEST OIL, and guarantee every Lamp sold by us to give satisfaction when the best Oil is used.

NORTON & SHARPE,
Melodeon Buildings.

sept 19 47-

WANTED

A NURSE for the remainder of the year, for which a liberal price will be paid.

Enquire at the warehouse of

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

sept 5 43-

Bacon.

150 EXTRA quality, "COUNTRY" HAMS; 1,000 lbs Sides, in store and for sale by

HUNTER & BRUCE.

sept 15 48-

Negro Woman for Sale.

GOOD Cook, Washer and Ironer, without incumbrance. For information apply at the

sept 26 49 CURD HOUSE.

H. C. DUNLAP,

Attorney and Counsellor

AT LAW,

LEXINGTON, KY.

☞ Office on Short street.

Sept 1, 1860 52

FOR SALE!

THE BLOCK OF BUILDINGS in the

HON. R. C. WINTHROP ON THE ISSUES OF THE DAY.

We make the following extracts from an able and eloquent speech delivered in Boston on Tuesday night, the 25th inst., by Hon. R. C. Winthrop:

I have said, Mr. President, that everything which I had heard from my own land, during my absence, had conformed my attachment to the cause in which you are assembled. I shall not soon forget the emotions with which I received, at Vienna, last November, the first tidings of that atrocious affair at Harper's Ferry. They came in the form of a brief telegraphic dispatch, without details, without explanations—simply announcing that an armed and organized band of Abolition conspirators had taken forcible possession of the National Arsenal, in furtherance of a concerted insurrection of the blacks, and that blood had already begun to flow. I think there could have been no true American heart in Europe at that moment that did not throb and thrill with horror at that announcement. But I confess to have experienced emotions hardly less deep or distressing, when I read, not long afterwards, an account of a meeting in this very hall, I believe, at which the gallows at Charlestown, in Virginia, was likened to the Cross on Calvary, and at which it was openly declared that the ringleader of that desperate and wicked conspiracy was right. Sir, if it had been suggested to me then, that before another year had passed away, the presiding officer at that meeting would have been deliberately nominated by the Republican party of Massachusetts for the Chief Magistracy of the Commonwealth, I should have repelled the idea as not within the prospect of belief,—as utterly transcending any pitch of extravagance which even the wildest and most ultra members of that party had ever prepared us to anticipate. But the nomination is before us. The candidate, I am told, is a most amiable and respectable gentleman, and I have no wish to say an unkind word of him or of those who endorse him. But I should be false to every impulse of my heart, if being here at all this evening—if opening my lips at all during this campaign, I did not enter my humble protest,—as one to whom the cause of Christianity and of social order is dear, as one who would see the word of God and the laws of the land respected and obeyed,—if I did not enter my humble, but earnest protest against such an attempt to give the seeming sanction of the people of Massachusetts to sentiments so impious and so abominable.

* * * * * *

But the question is not where a man was twelve years ago, but where he is now—with whom he is now acting—in what direction he is now moving—to whom and to what he is now committed. Old records are nothing, Names are nothing. Men are nothing, in a campaign like the present.—There is but one, simple, but all sufficient embracing consideration, certainly, which will govern my own vote at the coming election; and if it could govern the vote of every other man in the Union, I should have no fears for the result. It is no consideration of slavery or anti slavery. It is no question of personal or party triumph. It is the conviction which has taken possession of my whole heart and soul and mind, that the best and highest interests of our country, and of every human being who inhabits our country;—yes, I will not scruple to include black as well as white, bond as well as free—that all our dearest moral and religious inuerests as well as our highest political and social interests, demand a truce, a long truce—if possible, a final termination—to the fratricide strife which has been so long waged between the North and the South. Peace, concord, the restoration of national harmony, of mutual good will and of individual good nature—this is the one great want of our land, in all its relations, at this moment. Nothing, nothing but mischief has thus far resulted from the sectional criminations and recriminations which have so long formed the whole web and woof of our public debate. Extravagant and untenable doctrines have been advanced and advocated, both at the North and at the South, in mere spite towards each other, and measures have been set on foot which would never have been dreamed of, except in a spirit of retaliation and revenge. Bad blood has been engendered, bad language has fallen from lips educated to better utterances, and blows have followed words. Both the Northern and the Southern mind need rest and repose, in order to recover from the fever and frenzy which recent domestic struggles have produced. A four years truce to all these dismal and dreary and wholly abstract disputes and bickerings about squatter sovereignty, and Dred Scott decisions, and Southern oligarchies, and sectional aggressions, would do more to restore and advance just views of the Constitution, and just views of freedom, and just views of slavery, too—than all the harangues and philippics which have been composed and uttered since the days of Demosthenes and Cicero. * * *

I repeat, fellow citizens, we need a restoration of National harmony, of that fraternal feeling between different members of the Union which was so eloquently and admirably advocated by the gallant and true Crittenden in his late noble speech,—in order that all the great interests of our country may once more be calmly and justly considered and provided for. And national harmony can never be restored by the triumph of either of the extreme parties, whether of the tuiumph of a party, which has wholly refuses to recognize the Southern States, in the selection of their candidates, and which does not pretend to rely upon or to anticipate a simple electoral vote from any one of those States. Certainly, it cannot be restored by the triumph of a party, at least one of whose candidates is so identified with those who would award the holiest crown of martyrdom to the very instigator and organizer of insurrection and treason, and so many of whose organs and orators are daily denouncing the South as a land of barbarism, and daily exulting in the idea of an irreconcilable and irrepressible conflict between the slave States and the free States. It would be madness to expect from such a triumph anything but renewed agitation, renewed irritation, and renewed outbreaks of fanaticism at one end of the Union, and fury at the other, which no patriot and no Christian can contemplate without a shudder.

MR. CRITTENDEN'S SPEECH.

There are passages in the Louisville speech of Mr. Crittenden which ought to be printed in letters of gold, and committed to memory by every voter in the United States. The Union party has already accomplished the last named duty, and is ready to repeat its principles, in the hearing of any intelligent voter that desires it, from now till election day. We command to all readers and thinkers upon political subjects the calm account given by Mr Crittenden of the character and objects of the Union party, and of the position, attainments, and qualifications of its candidates. If any man is able to judge wisely, from his own experience, from his observation of men, and his acquaintance with what is necessary in public men in this country, it is surely John J. Crittenden—a man of character without a spot, of as large experience in his own State and in the United States Government as is required to give weight to his counsels, and of years enough to insure his disinterestedness without diminishing the clearness of his vision. His brief statement of the qualifications of our candidates ought to be kept perpetually before the people till the day of election; and though he has kindly and wisely refrained from any comparisons with the candidates of other parties, we can look with pride to our candidates, not only in comparison with those of contemporary parties, but with any of those in the history of the country since the first year of this century, when the new Government may be considered as consolidated sufficiently to form an example for posterity. And if the comparison does not satisfy the majority of our countrymen that the candidates of that party ought to prevail, not from personal considerations, but for the good of the country we shall feel more distinctly than we should like to acknowledge that we are not enlightened enough as people to pursue our own best interests—that we prefer having our own will and our own way by violence and despotism, to the most national and most conciliatory method of obtaining the same result; that we are nothing unless we are despotic, and that we would rather gratify our lust of power simply than yield to reason, to good feeling, or even to a praiseworthy national ambition.—*Boston Courier.*

From the Louisville Journal.

☞Poor Breckinridge! he catches it on all sides. The other day our neighbor of the Democrat propounded the Norfolk questions to Mr. George W. Johnson, one of the Breckinridge Electors in Kentucky, whereupon that gentleman responded in a long and respectful letter, at the outset of which he says of the Norfolk questions themselves:

"These questions are, perhaps, of more importance than any which have arisen, for serious and actual discussion, since the formation of our Federal Union; and I propose, in compliance with your demand, to give to you a candid and open expression of my opinions in regard to them."

And the Louisville Courier, the principal Breckinridge organ in Kentucky, republishes promptly the letter of Mr. Johnson, with the following terms of approval:

"Elsewhere we publish an excellent letter from G. W. Johnson, Esq., Democratic candidate for Elector in the Eighth District, to the editors of the Louisville Democrat, in reply to the "Norfolk Questions." Mr. Johnson is an able and conscientious man; and he meets the questions frankly and fearlessly, and discusses them in the spirit and with the bearing of a statesman. We commend his letter to the people of the whole country."

Now, here, in the face of Mr. Breckinridge's refusal to answer the Norfolk questions or to give any expression of opinion with respect to them, right in the teeth of Mr. Breckinridge's contemptuous preterm ission of the Norfolk questions as if they were points of no importance, the Breckinridge Elector for Mr. B.'s own District avows deliberately that "these questions are perhaps of more importance than any which have arisen for serious and actual discussion since the formation of our Federal Union," and proposes, in compliance with a mere *newspaper* demand, in Mr. Breckinridge's estimation the humblest of all possible forms of requisition, to give "a candid and open expression" of his "opinions in regard to them," whilst the leading Breckinridge journal in the State applauds the Elector's proposal, spreads before its readers his attempt to carry out the engagement, calls him "an able and conscientious man," and declares with evident pride that he "meets the questions frankly and fearlessly." However intended, every step of this manifestation is plainly a keen reflection on Mr. Breckinridge and a keen rebuke to him. Summoned by the concurring voice of the nation to announce his views in respect to questions which one of the chiefs of his own political household thus acknowledges to be "perhaps of more importance than any which have arisen for serious and actual discussion since the formation of our Federal Union," he, unlike that chief under a far less commanding summons, does not "propose" to give "a candid and open expression" of his "opinions" in regard to these momentous questions, but declines to give any expression of his opinions at all; *he does not* meet "the questions frankly and fearlessly." He shirks them, and is silent; he dodges them, and is dumb. Every word of testimony to the "importance" of the Norfolk questions which Mr. Johnson utters, and every word of praise which the Courier bestows on him for attempting to give "a candid and open expression" of his "opinions in regard to them," is a word of biting reproach to Mr. Breckinridge, who, under a thousand fold deeper obligation to meet "the questions frankly and fearlessly," has evaded them altogether. In short, Mr. Johnson's letter and the Courier's approval of it are remarkable for nothing but the severe though tacit reprehension of Mr. Breckinridge for his evasion of the Norfolk questions.

And we really can't perceive any other purpose in either. Surely Mr. Johnson does not think it befitting that his candidate for the Presidency should in defiance of the demand of millions of the people of this nation remain mute on "questions" which are perhaps of more importance than any which have arisen for serious and actual discussion since the formation of our Federal Union," and touching which he himself has felt constrained to give "a candid and open expression of his opinions" in compliance with the demand of the Louisville Democrat. And surely the Courier does not reckon it becoming that Mr. Breckinridge should evade questions of grave public interest which it is praiseworthy for a Breckinridge Elector to meet "promptly and fearlessly." If not, why does J. attempt in this solemn way to answer the Norfolk questions, and why does C. laud the attempt, unless it is to rap their common candidate over the knuckles? Not certainly for the sake of the attempt itself, as any one who carefully examines it may see. But, whatever the purposes of these Breckinridge champions may be, the effect is unmistakable. Poor Breckinridge! he catches it from friend and foe.

THEIR RELATIVE STRENGTH.

We suppose that our readers still remember the vain glorious boasts with which the seceders announced the certain triumph of Breckinridge and Lane soon after the Baltimore nomnations. They were going to sweep the whole country, and especially to overwhelm all opposition at the South. We ventured, even at that early day, to admonish the boasters that Douglas was undoubtedly the stronger candidate of the two, and would beat Breckinridge badly when it came to the test. But they pretended to laugh at our admonitions, and we waited for time to decide the question.

Well, there have now been three State elections in which the Douglas and Breckinridge men had their distinct candidates for State officers, and in which the line between them was drawn in the popular vote. These are Kentucky, in which the Breckinridge candidate for Clerk of Appeals received 45,076 votes, and Bolling and Hopkins, the Douglas candidates, 15,778; Missouri, in which the Breckinridge candidate for Governor received 11,415, and the Douglas candidate 77,446; and in Vermont, in which the Breckinridge nominee for Governor has 2,059 votes, and the Douglas candidate 11,708 In these three States—two of them Southern States, which Breckinridge was "sure to sweep"—the aggregate vote stands thus:

	Breck	*Douglas.*
Kentucky,	45,076	15,778
Missouri,	11,415	74,446
Vermont,	2,059	11,708
	58,550	101,632
		58,550
Majority for Douglas,		43,382

Very nearly two to one in favor of Douglas in a vote of which nearly eleven-twelfths is Southern!

Compared with the Bell vote in these States, the plurality against Breckinridge is still greater. In Kentucky and Missouri (there was no Union candidate in Vermont) the Bell candidate for Clerk and Governor—Combs and Orr—received 134,637 votes, a majority of 76,087 for Bell over Breckinridge, and nearly as many for Bell as for Breckinridge and Douglas combined.

It is no wonder that, after these tests, the Breckinridgers have lost all hope for themselves, and are now croaking over the certainty of Lincoln's election! But the Constitutional Union men of the nation intend to dispose of Lincoln as effectually as they have disposed of Breckinridge. One sectional agitator having been already crippled, they are gathering in their strength for the overthrow of the other, and they mean to achieve it.—*Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer.*

☞It is a shameful fact, that almost the entire masses of the Breckinridge Democracy of Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania voted for the Republican tickets in those States at the late election, and it is another shameful fact that the Breckinridge leaders and organs of the slaveholding States evidently approve this action of their Northern friends. Thus the Breckinridge party North and the Breckinridge party South proved themselves well worthy of each other.—*Louisville Journal.*

From the National Intelligencer.

ANOTHER LANDMARD.

We alluded on Monday last to the solemn declarations made in the years 1851 and '52 by patriots of all parties against the renewed agitation of the slavery question in any form. It has since occurred to us that we omitted to cite one of the manifestations put forth to this effect in the House of Representatives, when called to vote upon the following resolution, introduced into that body on the 22d of March, 1852, by the Hon. Joseph W. Jackson, of Georgia:

"*Resolved*, That we recognize the binding efficacy of the compromises of the Constitution, and believe it to be the intention of the people generally, as we hereby declare it to be ours individually, to abide such compromises, and to sustain the laws necessary to carry them out—the provision for the delivery of fugitive slaves and the act of the last Congress for that purpose included—and that we deprecate all further agitation of questions growing out of that provision, of the questions embraced in the acts of the last Congress known as the compromise, *and of questions generally connected with the institution of slavery, as unnecessary, useless, and dangerous.*"

This resolution was called up for discussion on the following 5th of April, and was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Willis Allen, William Appleton, Thos. H. Bayly, Bocock, Bowie, Bragg, Breckinridge, Brooks, Albert G. Brown, Busby, E Carrington Cabell, Caskie, Clark, Cobb, Curtis, Daniel, John G. Davis, Dawson, Dockery, Dunham, Edmunson, Ewing, Faulkner, Ficklin, Fitch, Florence, Freeman, Thomas J. D. Fuller, Gamble, Gentry, Gorman, Grey, Hall, Hamilton, Hammond, Hart, Haws, Haven, Hendricks, Henn, Hibbard, Hilliyer, Houston, Howard, Ingersoll, Jackson, Andrew Johnson, James Johnson, Geo. W. Jones, Kurtz, Landry, Letcher, Lockhart, Edward C. Marshall, Humphrey Marshall, Martin, Mason, Mc Corkle, McDonald, McMullen, Mead, Miller, John Moore, Morehead, Murray, Nabors, Outlaw, Samuel W. Parker, Peaslee, Penn, Phelps Polk, Price, Richardson, Riddle, Robbins, Robinson, Ross, Savage, Schermerhorn, Scurry, David L. Seymour, Orgen S. Seymour, Smith, Frederick P. Stanton, Richard H. Stanton, Abraham P. Stevens, Stone, St. Martin, Strother, Stuart, Sutherland, George W. Thompson, Venable, Walsh, Ward, Watkins, Addison White, Alexander White, Wilcox, and Williams—101.

NAYS—Messrs. Aiken, Allison, Ashe, Averett, D. J. Bailey, Barrere, Bartlett, Brenton, George H. Brown, Buell, J. Cable, Lewis D. Campbell, Thompson Campbell, Chapman, Clingman, Conger, Dean, Doty, Durkee Eastman, Edgerton, Floyd, Fowler, Gaylord, Goodenow, Goodrich, Grow, Harper, Holladay, Horsford, Thomas M. Howe, Ives, Jenkins, John Johnson, Daniel T. Jones, Preston King, Kuhns, Mann, McQueen, Meacham, Millson, Miner, Molony, Newton, Orr, Penniman, Perkins, Powell, Rantoul, Sackett, Schoolcraft, Scudder, Smart, Benjamin Stanton, Stratton, Sweester, Benjamin Thompson, Tuck, Walbridge, Wallace, Washburn, Wells, Woodward, and Yates—64.

Among the names of those who voted in the affirmative our readers will not fail to recognise that of Mr. Breckinridge, one of the Democratic candidates for the Presidency at the present time, and who, if we may judge from the appeals now made in his favor at the South, on the ground of "questions generally connected with the institution of slavery," is in some danger of lending his name to an "agitation" voted by him, with great truth and justice in 1852, "to be unnecessary, useless, and dangerous." What his opinions on this same subject were no later than six or eight months ago may be learned from the following statement, made in his well known speech delivered at Frankfort, Kentucky, on the 21st of December last:

"I do not hesitate to say that the aim of every good citizen should be to *keep the question of Slavery out of Congress* Its agitation there has been productive only of evil to us, and that continually. In the present condition of public affairs I can see no motive to throw the Territorial question on the Congressional arena *that has its origin in a feeling of legality to the Union.* At present the slavery question, or this aspect of it, is not before Congress. No Southern Senator or Representative proposes legislation upon it. No complaint of violated rights comes from any Territory No evidence is offered that the Constitution, the laws, and the courts are not competent to protect personal right and private property. Hence, when I would never abandon a constitutional right, especially after it had been judicially determined. *I never would prematurely raise any question to distract the country*, when no voice demands it, North, South, East, or West."

Our readers will, of course, understand that we do not reproduce these passages from Mr. Breckinridge's political history in order to convict him or the organization he represents of "inconsistency," but simply to show the grounds on which the Constitutional Union party may be pardoned for its caution and hesitation in a matter admitted by its Democratic adversaries to be so grave, because involving an agitation pronounced in advance to be "unnecessary, useless, and dangerous."

From the Raleigh Register, Oct. 16.

Threats of Disunion—Monetary Institutions.

We have learned on undoubted authority that the Banks of this State, in view of the alarming condition of the country produced by the threats of a destruction of the Government in a certain contingency, have determined to suspend discounting until future results shall be developed. This, it will be seen at a glance, can be no party move to coerce the public into any given course of political action, inasmuch as these Banks are managed by men of all parties. It is a movement simply of prudence, and one founded on a due regard to the interests of all concerned with these Institutions.

That great pecuniary distress will result from this step, cannot be doubted. The Bank of North Carolina has just gone into operation, with a large capital. The fact that it would be to its interest to lend out its money freely, doubtless induced many to make contracts and engagements, on the faith of being able to fulfill them by accommodations at that Institution. All such men will, of course, come up short, and those to whom they are under obligations will, in turn, be reduced to great inconvenience.—In a word, it is hard, if not impossible, to foretell the end of this beginning.

The Banks of Danville, Va., with a large capital, have also suspended discounts, and determined to await future developments.—The effects of this condition of things on property of all kinds will speedily be felt—indeed, in the price of negroes, the effect has already been felt. Negroes, in fact, cannot be sold, and the traders in Richmond will not expose them for sale until after the Presidential election.

If the Fire Eating Leaders whose incendiary purposes have produced this state of affairs, could alone be the sufferers, we should bless God for the punishment inflicted on them. If this storm could single *them* out, and sweep them to where no eye but that of Omniscience could find them, we would chant paeans of praise for so righteous a judgment. But alas! this cannot be so. The guilty and the innocent—the Demagogue and his Dupe—the Disunionist and the man loyal to the Constitution and the Union, will share a common fate.

Now, we ask, if the bare *apprehension* that an attempt *will* be made to break up the Union in a certain event, shall produce great distress, how much distress will be caused by the making of the attempt? Will some Breckinridge man answer?

In conclusion, we give it as our belief that if the States of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri, will give their Electoral votes to Bell and Everett, and by so doing declare for the Constitution and the Union, confidence in the stability of the Union, even if Lincoln should be elected, will be restored, and the cause of the present difficulties being removed, the effects will cease to be felt—With the States above named planting themselves firmly on the Union platform, the Cotton States dare not attempt Disunion.

A BRECKINRIDGE ELECTOR'S CONSISTENCY. The Louisville Democrat says that Mr. M. R. Hardin, the Breckinridge Elector in the Fifth District of Kentucky, is distinguishing himself by vituperation of Douglas and squatter sovereignty. We neither defend Mr. Douglas nor the heresy he advocates, but it ill becomes any Southern Democrat to abuse him now, when the praises they heaped upon him in 1856 have scarcely died upon their lips; and least of all does it become Mr. Hardin so savagely to assail him. As this young gentleman is a candidate for the suffrages of the people as one of the Electors, it may not be uninteresting to them to know how he stood upon certain political questions but a short time ago. At a county Convention of Washington county, on the 8th of November, 1856, Mr. Hardin was appointed one of a committee to draft resolutions, and, after retiring reported a series of which the following were the 5th and 6th:

Resolved, That we deprecate the further agitation of the Kansas Lecompton question as unwise and unnecessary, and the continued agitation can result only in injury to the party, and is productive of no good.

Resolved, That we regard the question of Lecomptonism as no test of Democracy, and we recognise Stephen A. Douglas as a truly national Democrat, and eminently worthy of the support of the party North and South.

Now these resolutions were passed three months after Mr. Douglas' Freeport speech, and the enunciation of his doctrine of unfriendly legislation or non-action was well known to Mr. Hardin. If that doctrine is a heresy Mr. Hardin endorsed it, or, at least, thought the advocacy of it by Stephen A. Douglas no good reason why he should not be nominated for President by the Democratic party, and certainly no cause for the disruption of the party. Modesty would dictate a little leniency now to the man who was his favorite in 1858.

YANCEY'S MURDER OF DR. EARLE.—The fact that W. L. Yancey killed his uncle, Dr Earle, of South Carolina, has been stated in general terms, but the details have not been given. Dr. Earle lived one mile and a half west of Greenville, where his widow still resides, if alive. A few hundred yards distant is an old field, sometimes used for practicing on horseback, but more frequently resorted to as a muster ground. This was the occasion of a *Drill muster*, when Dr. Earle's son, about ten years old, went on the ground, as all boys seek to do, and during their wheeling and turning, the boy got in the way. Yancey ordered him to get out of the way, but the boy, in his confusion, got more and more in the way, whereupon Yancey lashed him most unmercifully with a horsewhip. Dr. Earle was not at home, but on returning home through the town, a friend told him how cruelly Yancey had treated his son. Dr. Earle called on Yancey for an explanation—Yancey told him that the boy had been very insolent, and that he had slapped his jaws. Dr. Earle replied that he had served him right. When Dr. Earle reached home, and learned the facts, and found that Yancey had lied to him, he returned to Greenville in search of him. Yancey knowing the pluck of Dr. Earle, and that he would be detected in the falsehood, prepared himself for a fight. Dr. Earle found Yancey on Dr. Crittenden's porch, and in marching upon him was shot down by Yancey with a pistol. These are the facts as we have them from one born and reared in that vicinity. The fact that he was convicted upon trial, and imprisoned, and afterwards became the subject of Executive clemency, corroborates the truth of this version. This is the man who procured the disruption of the Democratic party, and the nomination of Breckinridge! —*Knoxville Whig.*

FOUR YEARS AGO.—We are writing at midnight, while the shouts of the triumphant Lincoln men are sounding through our streets, and the strains of their victorious music are heard on every hand. It recalls to us the scenes which took place just four years ago, when the Democratic State ticket, pledged to the principles of non intervention with slavery in the Territories, had succeeded.

Why this change? Why is it that the old Democratic State of Pennsylvania has been swept from its moorings? Who is responsible? The answer will rise to the lips from the heart of every old fashioned Democrat—James Buchanan. Faithless, first to his friends, and next to his principles; and because the people would not assist him in his assaults upon both, he has turned upon them, and they, in their good time, have turned upon him. Let future Presidents take warning by the example.—*Forney's Press.*

☞Mr. Johnson, in answering our question did not seem to get at the real point at issue. He gave us a somewhat elaborate and statistical account of the wealth and power of the slave States, and a declaration amounting in all, that if the Southern States or his State should go out of the Union he would go with her. That is not the question. What we wished to know was, if any one in Kentucky should adopt the plan of Aaron Burr, and seek to break up the Union, no matter how many individuals agreed with him—for numbers do not impair the principle—whether he would, if an officer of the Government, have him arrested, tried and executed. It is not a State that commits treason, but the individual.—*Lou. Democrat.*

CASHMERE GOATS.—CORRECTION.—In our issue a few days ago, we were led into an error in regard to the premiums awarded at the National Fair. It should have been—

Best pure blood Buck—Geo. W. Ogden, Lexington, Ky.,	$20
2d best pure blood Buck—S. S. Williams, of Ohio,	10
Best Grades—Geo. W. Ogden, Lexington, Ky.	20
2d best Grades—Dr. R. Peters, of Georgia,	10

Mr. Ogden was also awarded the 2d premium on his grades, but lost it, on account of not having them entered. Mr. Ogden says he is now satisfied that he has got some of the best Cashmere Goats in this country, as he took two first premiums over Dr. R. Peters, of Georgia, who has the largest flock now in the United States. Dr. Jas. Head, from whose flock Mr. O. made his selections, also took first premiums at the Kentucky State Fair. Mr. Ogden also took first and second premiums at the Ohio State Fair. His flock was also highly recommended for a discretionary premium, and his grades pronounced by the judges superior to anything exhibited.

Mr. Ogden also took two $20 premiums on his beautiful Opera Cloak, which he designed, and had made from the silky fleece of his Cashmere Goats.

Silver and Gold Plating.—Families will remember that this is the season to have their Silver and Plated Ware renewed and replated, and an excellent place to have the work well done, is at E. RICHTER'S Gold and Silver Plating Establishment, 325 (old 161) Third street, Louisville, Ky. We refer our readers to his advertisement. sept 18 -47-

MRS. WINSLOW, an experienced Nurse and Female Physician, has a SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething, which greatly facilitates the process of Teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column. june 9 18-

Imported Spanish Jacks and Jennets.

THE undersigned have just received from Spain 27 **Head of Jacks and Jennets**, selected in the Province of Catalonia, by two of the firm. They are now offered at private sale, and can be seen at the farm of W. H. Darnall, 2 miles West of Flemingsburg, Fleming co., Ky.

WEARE, WILSON & CO.

oct 10 53

Richmond Messenger and Danville Tribune will give above two insertions and charge this office.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU FOR THE BLADDER.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Kidneys.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for the Gravel.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Dropsy.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Nervousness.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Loss of Memory.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Loss of Sight.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Dimness of Vision.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Difficult Breathing.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Weak Nerves.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Obstructions.
HELMBOLD'S BUCHU for Excesses arising from Indiscretion and all Diseases of the SEXUAL ORGANS,

Existing in either sex, from whatever cause originated, and no matter of *how long standing.*

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in its taste and odor, and immediate in its action.—Price $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5 Delivered to any address, accompanied by reliable certificates.

Depot, 104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia.
Sold by GEO. W. NORTON,
may 19 12 Sole Agent for Lexington, Ky.

☞By the annexed paragraphs it will be seen that the "WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE" received the first premium at the recent Kentucky State Fair at Bowling Green, and the United States Fair, at Cincinnati:

☞At the Kentucky State Fair, just held at Bowling Green, the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine took the first premium.

WHEELER & WILSON STILL AHEAD.—The Committee on Sewing Machines at the United States Fair, yesterday, awarded the highest premium to the Wheeler & Wilson Machine, which is the *third year* this award has been made. It certainly is a high compliment to Wheeler & Wilson, as there were fourteen different machines exhibited, and we understand that the committee were unanimous in their decision.

SEWING MACHINES.—*Which is the Best—The Question Answered.*—There can be no doubt that WHEELER & WILSON'S Sewing Machine is the very best the market affords. Everybody says so and the fact that a large majority of people *prefer it for family sewing*, while Dress-Makers, Cloak-Makers, Gaiter-Makers, Shoe-Binders, Vest-Makers, and Tailors, all use it, and insist that it has no equal for *their* purposes, clearly establishes the fact that it is unequalled for the variety of uses to which it is adapted. The Wheeler & Wilson Machines make the lock stitch, *the only stitch that cannot be ripped*, and that presents the same appearance on both sides of the seam—a fact of itself sufficient to account for its having the highest premiums awarded it at all the State Fairs held for the past few years.—No other than the lock stitch has given such universal satisfaction, and our advice is, if you want a Sewing Machine that will do your own family sewing *in a very superior manner*, or if you wish to earn a livelihood by sewing for others, do not get any other than a Wheeler & Wilson Machine, and you will then feel certain that you have one that will give you the fullest satisfaction.—[*N. Y. Dispatch.*

october 3 51-

MASONIC.

LEXINGTON LODGE NO. 1, meet at their Lodge Room in Masonic Hall, on Walnut street, the 2d and 4th Saturday nights in each month, and brethren visiting the city are cordially invited to attend.

W. W. BOYD, W. M.
HU B. PAYNE, Sec'y.
march 17 -8-

DEVOTION LODGE, NO. 160,

MEET in their Lodge Room, over the City Hall on Church street, the 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in each month. All Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

J. G. LENDEL, W. M.
J. F. THOMPSON, Sec'y.
march 24 100

GOOD SAMARITAN LODGE, A. Y. M., No. 174.

MEET every Saturday night in their Room at the Court House, at half past 7 o'clock.

WILL A. STIVERS, W. M.
march 24 100-

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 600 ACRES Ohio River Land, 25 miles below Louisville, lying above and below the mouth of Doe run—300 acres bottom, balance rich hill land; 400 acres underfence. Building comfortable. Any person wishing a first rate stock or hay farm can be suited on long time by addressing me at Brandenburg, Ky.

oct 3 51-55 ALANSON MOREMEN.

Lex Observer copy to amount of $5 and charge this office.—*Lou. Jour.*

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

A LARGE White Cow giving milk. She may have gone off with a lot of cattle which passed through Lexington Sunday evening. She was accompanied by a Bull. Any information about her will be thankfully received. Enquire at this office.

oct 17 25-3t

FOR SALE.

I HAVE several **No. 1 Milk Cows** for sale, with young Calves, five miles from town on the Maysville turnpike.

january 18 81- H. S. PARKER.

Lexington and Frankfort Turnpike Company.

THE annual meeting of the above company will be held at their Toll House on **Saturday, the 27th inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M.** for the purpose of electing Managers for the ensuing year, and also to obtain an expression of opinion from the Stockholders upon the proposition to subscribe one hundred dollars in stock to the turnpike company now building a road from Midway to intersect the Frankfort road at Dennis' shop.

R. J. SPURR, Sec'y.
oct 17 55-2t

To Farmers.

WE have on hand upwards of **300 dozen Wool Hats** for servants, some of which are *better* than any wool hat previously imported into the city, and then the beauty of the whole thing is, that we are selling them at very low prices. Give us a call.

oct 43 54 H. SHAW & CO.

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO MAN, a good gardener, and a fine hand. As he is parcel with for no fault he will not be sold to leave the State. For further information enquire at this office.

oct 13 54

Boiler & Boiler front for Sale.

THE undersigned have, at their Woolen Factory, adjoining the Gas Works a first rate Boiler and (front to suit it) for sale. The Boiler is 22 feet long and 42 in diameter.

STANDEFORD & ALLEN.

oct 13 54

ATTENTION LADIES!

My stock of **MILLINERY GOODS**, as

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS,

Etc., is now complete, and comprises the latest

NOVELTIES AND STYLES,

in our line, for the present

Winter Season.

THE Ladies are invited to call as I am confident that I can please them both as to Goods and prices.

P. S. Remember my stand on Main street, opposite J. B. Wilgus & Co.'s, (up stairs.)

MISS M. J. BURCHELL.

oct 13 54

A Ladies' Portmonie

WAS found in the street yesterday evening, the 12th inst., which the owner can have by calling at this office, describing the same, and paying for this advertisement.

october 13 54-

WE are in receipt of a large stock of **Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, &c. &c.**, selected with great care from the importers and manufacturers in the Eastern cities, and invite all wishing articles in our line, either at Wholesale or Retail, to call, as we will guarantee satisfaction in the quality and prices of our goods.

NORTON & SHARPE,
No. 1 Melodeon Buildings, opposite
oct 13 54 Court House.

Coal Oil Lamps.

WE have received another lot of Lamps, and have now an assortment unsurpassed by any house East or West. We will sell none but the best Coal Oil and as low as the inferior qualities are sold.

NORTON & SHARPE,
oct 13 54 Druggists.

LOST.

STRAYED from my pasture, about three weeks since, TWO HORSES—one a **Roan Horse**, about 15½ hands high, bad hoofs, a little stiff in fore legs; the other a **Grey Horse**, about 16 hands high' paces, and was in rather low order when last seen. Also, a **Grey Mare** and a 2 year old **Stud Colt**, belonging to another party. They have probably all strayed off together. A liberal reward will be paid for the delivery of my two Horses, or for such information as will enable me to get them.

oct 13 64-1t E. W. DOWDEN.

LEXINGTON, KY., October, 1860.

CIRCULAR:—

Having sold my half in the assets of the late firm of Geo. W. Norton and Fitch, on the 25th of May last, I have since completed quite extensive arrangements for conducting a Drug Business in Lexington on my own account.

As I have leased for a term of years, the corner store in Higgins' Block, at the junction of Main and Upper streets, that part of the Building has been put in good repair; and I am persuaded that the interior arrangement of my store, when completed, will be found as pleasing to the eye, as it is suitable and convenient for my business.

Having entered into the hard studies and hard work of an apothecary's clerk in New York, as early in life as I had acquired education suited to a mercantile pursuit, and being afterwards, for many years, most actively engaged among Importers, Jobbers and Brokers of Drugs in that city,—and now having followed my business about six years in Lexington. I trust it may not be improper for me to hint at these facts, as affording some evidence, that I ought to be familiar with my business, that I may enjoy advantages for buying goods,—and that I can not be wholly ignorant of the tastes and preferences of the people to whom I hope to sell.

Gratefully acknowledging the courtesy and kindness ex ended me, I hope I shall be able in future, to meet the wishes and expectations of all who do me the good to call at my store.

Oct 13 54- FRANK FITCH.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, late a Clerk in the Northern Bank of Kentucky, offers his services as a general **Accountant, Collecting Agent, and Notary Public.**

Any business entrusted to him will have immediate attention, and prompt returns will be made for collections.

He is authorized to refer to the following gentlemen, with whom he has had business relations during the last five years, viz:

M. C. JOHNSON, Esq., Pres't. Northern Bank Ky.
A. F. HAWKINS, Esq., Cashier " " "
THOS MITCHELL, Esq., Teller " " "
J. T. DAVIDSON, Esq., Book Keeper " " "
M. E. BROWNING, Esq., " " "
E. Cromly, Esq., " " "
WM. CHRISTIE, Esq., " " "
BENJ. GRATZ, Esq., F. K. HUNT, Esq.,
W. A. DUDLEY, Esq., HIRAM SHAW, Esq.,
D. A. SAYRE & Co., HUNTER & BRUCE.
MILWARD & SON.

For the present, he may be found at the counting room of Messrs. Milward & Son.

Feb. 4 86- R. W. COOK.

BEFORE YOU BUY

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK,

No. 2

Higgins' Block.

WALLACE & RIDGELY,

DRUGGISTS,

Chemists and Apothecaries,

HAVE just received a new supply of English, French and American Drugs, Chemicals and Dye Stuffs, which they will sell at the lowest rates.

A large and varied assortment of **BRUSHES** of every description, which will be sold at a reduced price.

A complete stock of

FANCY ARTICLES,
TOILET ORNAMENTS,
PERFUMES, POMADES,
WORK BOXES,
DRESSING CASES,

Shaving Glasses, Portmonies, Ladies Satchels. Also, Paxton's celebrated Oriental Cream, for making the complexion smooth, soft and beautiful.

We would call attention to our large collection of **Wines Brandies and Liquors,** of all descriptions. To test their PURITY you must try them. W. & R.

oct 10 53

"WHAT kind of a partner," asked Joe of Jane,
Who he heard, with a terrible jealous pain,
Had danced with the Prince at the civic ball
Given by the nobs of Montreal—
"What kind of a partner, for goodness sake,
Did the son of little Victoria make?"
"Well-asked," said Jane. "Now, who can stand
A man with only a sinister hand?
Any woman who wasn't of sense bereft,
Would call him a partner over the left!"
So it is with those who of reason bereft,
Buy bargains of others "over the left!"
Instead of going along with sensible folks,
To the fashionable Hat Store of J. F. Thompson.
A splendid assortment of Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs Fur and Buckskin Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags, for sale low at

J. F. THOMPSON'S.

oct 10 53-4t

FAYETTE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he resides situated in Fayette county, four miles from Lexington, and about one mile from the Richmond Turnpike, on the Mount Tabor road, containing

251 Acres,

of good land, in a high state of cultivation, well watered and well timbered. The improvements are good, and there is upon the place an abundance of choice fruit.

The situation of this farm only four miles from Lexington, in a good neighborhood renders it a desirable one, and as my object in selling is to purchase a larger farm, I will sell a bargain if early application is made. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to come and examine the place for themselves and learn the terms.

THOMAS MUIR, Sr.

oct 17 55

FAYETTE FARM FOR SALE.

WISHING to remove South, I will offer at private

Observer & Reporter

D.C. WICKLIFFE, EDITOR.

LEXINGTON OCT. 20 1860

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

EDWARD EVERETT,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.

For the State at Large.

W. H. WADSWORTH, of Mason.
E. L. VANWINKLE, of Wayne.

For the Districts.

First District—Q. Q. QUIGLEY.
Second District—L. A. LEAVELL.
Third District—WM. SAMPSON.
Fourth District—W. A. HOSKINS.
Fifth District—PHIL LEE.
Sixth District—W. M. FULKERSON.
Seventh District—W. C. BULLOCK.
Eighth District—JOHN M. HARLAN.
Ninth District—JOHN B. HUSTON.
Tenth District—W. S. RANKIN.

The elections last week have been the subject of great rejoicing with the Republican party, and they boastingly claim that they have settled the contest. So far from this being true, we believe they will be the means of arousing the entire conservative spirit of the country, and especially of the Empire State, to such an extent that the result of the contest there in November will prove alike astounding to men of all parties. New York has ever been loyal and true to the Constitution and the Union, and now when she sees the perils which environ both by reason of the anticipated triumph of sectionalism, she will again prove her devotion to the Union by putting the brand of condemnation upon those whose success would put it in jeopardy. Upon the *fist*, then, of this great State do we warmly rely for the defeat of the Black Republican party in November; and we have the assurance from sources that are reliable that the confidence is not misplaced. Her vote alone cast against Lincoln will seal his fate, even should he receive the vote of every other free State. A mighty responsibility then rests upon her; and it she shall prove true to the noble position she occupies as the leading member of the Confederacy, she will have covered herself with imperishable honor, and entitle herself to the gratitude of every friend of Republican institutions.

But even should this noble Commonwealth fail to meet the expectations of the patriots of the Nation everywhere, and give her vote to the candidates of a purely sectional organization, it does not follow as a matter of course that Lincoln's election will in that event be secured. There are other Northern States which are confidently relied on to throw their votes so as to defeat the Republican party. New Jersey, Illinois, Iowa, California, Oregon and Connecticut may justly be classed as among the doubtful States; and in each of them the national conservative elements are struggling nobly for the ascendency. If it shall so turn out that conservatism is sufficiently powerful in these States to defeat sectionalism, then is the result which is so anxiously looked for by the patriots of the land attained. We therefore repeat that the results last week in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana—in each of which the opponents of Republicanism intend to make powerful efforts to overcome it between this and the day of final trial—instead of contributing to the triumph of the Republican candidates in November, may be the means of arousing such a feeling as will result in their defeat.

The duty, therefore, of every one who looks to the Constitutional rights of each and every section of the country, is too clear to admit of doubt or difficulty. It is to stand, resolutely and unflinchingly, by the cause and the candidates pledged to the Constitution and the Union, and give to them an earnest, emphatic and cordial support.—"Never despair of the Republic" should be the watchword of every votary of freedom, and the discharge of our individual duty, each for himself, can alone afford us consolation either in the hour of triumph or adversity. To the friends of those fearless statesmen John Bell and Edward Everett the crisis appeals with renewed power; and let blame fall where it may, if the result should be disastrous to the hopes of National men, let us at least have the proud satisfaction of knowing that we have in no wise contributed to the promotion of the cause of the enemies of the Union, whether they stand upon Northern or Southern ground.

To show the feeling that animates our friends in the great State of New York, upon whose action this contest may turn, we beg to call the attention of our readers to the following manly article from that able advocate of the true principles of our Government, the *New York Express*. The editors talk like men who are fully conscious of the justice of their cause, and who are stimulated, instead of being discouraged by the untoward events that have recently taken place:

From the N. Y. Express.

How the Pennsylvania Election News was Received in New York.

The Pennsylvania politicians tells us, "we have elected Curtin, and therefore Lincoln is elected President of the United States." We do not exactly see into all that, unless Pennsylvania is the United States—while the fact is, Pensylvania is not even New York. The Empire State is here, not there. Empire is in our hands, not theirs. The policy of the Government is shaped by New York, not by Pennsylvania. We dictate laws to, not receive laws from Pennsylvania

When the Constitution of the United States was submitted to the States the battle was here, not in Pensylvania. When our State Convention assembled in Poughkeepsie and adopted the Federal Compact, we turned the point, and the Constitution was established. The pivot of Government is here and more in the Empire City of the Empire State than even in Washington itself.

New York, it is fancied, will cower, and knuckle, and yield before the storm resulting from disorganized Democracy in Pennsylvania and Indiana—as if we were some puny State, without the power to rescue the country from the crisis impending, if a mere Northern Government is substituted for the Federal Government which we have been living under during seventy years.

But New York knows her strength, and her patriotic men will arouse and develop it now. New York has the power to turn the tide, and New York will try, and successfully try, if every conservative man now goes to work. New York is well named the Empire State, not only because of the magnitude of her population, but because of the magnitude of her resources, and of the great stake she has in the welfare of the Union.—New York can not afford to be sectional, or to elect a sectional President. New York can not, will not, cut herself loose from the Southern States of the Union. New York will not peril her trade, her commerce, her position, by any such false step. The commercial metropolis must continue to be the metropolis of the Carolinas, as well as of New Hampshire and Maine.

Fortunately for us, the Bell Everett party and the Democratic party of the Empire State are in no discord—but are marching together, step by step, and shoulder to shoulder—to victory we feel sure. If the city arouses, as it is doing, and invokes the State, our majorities here in the city, and all along the Hudson, will be immense. Let us spread these majorities, as we can, by an effort worthy of our power. It was New York City that in 1787-8 saved the Federal Constitution, enacted it, and carried it through the doubtful, hesitating States.—New York City can now save the Union of the States—and save that Union we must.

GRAND UNION MASS MEETING AND PIC-NIC.

In Fayette county, at Sandersville.

There will be a Mass Meeting of the people of Fayette at Sandersville, in this county, on Friday, November 2d, 1860, which will be addressed by a number of distinguished speakers.

ROGER W. HANSON, Esq., and Gen. JOHN M. HARLAN will certainly be present; and the Hon JOHN J. CRITTENDEN and the Hon. JOSHUA F. BELL have been invited and are expected to respond to the invitation.

As this is the last grand meeting that will be held in Fayette prior to the election, the friends of Bell and Everett are expected to rally *en masse* on the occasion. COME ONE, COME ALL, and hear for the last time the words of truth eloquently expressed by the noble champions of our cause who will meet you on the occasion.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER TO JAMES O HARRISON.—The dining room of the Broadway Hotel was, on last Wednesday afternoon, the scene of a touching re union and departure. JAMES O HARRISON was about to leave Lexington, and his true and devoted friends, the members of the Fayette Bar, gathered about him to tender their cordial and united benedictions. About 3 o'clock the company assembled, and Judge George Robertson—the Nestor of the legal profession in Kentucky—was called to the chair We do not pretend to give a verbatim report of the remarks of Judge R. on the occasion, but he said in substance—

Gentlemen: The occasion, which has called us together, is one in which we do and should feel deeply interested. To me, this departure of an old an intimate friend for a distant State brings strange and solemn feelings. I have known James O. Harrison long and intimately, and I do no violence to truth when I say, that he is one of the best and purest men that ever belonged to our Bar. By his integrity and genuine chivalry, by his dignified and courteous conduct to his associates, he has honored our profession.—He now goes forth from us to mingle with strangers, and while we regret his loss, we have no fears that he will be friendless.—Qualities like his will extort admiration and respect in any community whatever. I am aware, gentlemen, that it is unusual to speak in such terms of praise, in the presence of the subject of such praise; but in this instance I must speak of my friend as if he were absent or dead. Socially he is henceforth dead to us all, and I fear that to some of us our separation is for all time. This fear it is that thrills me with strange and solemn feelings, and induces me to speak to and of my friend and contemporary without reserve. The hour of his departure is at hand, but before he leaves us, allow me to present this sentiment:

"JAMES O. HARRISON—the sound lawyer and the true gentleman; who honored the Fayette Bar, and who is honored by it"

This sentiment was drank amid great applause; whereupon Mr. Harrison, who was evidently deeply affected, responded as follows:

Gentlemen: This manifestation of your respect and kind feeling for me is more justly appreciated than I can tell. I have been long and intimately associated with this Bar, and I think that I know it well. Before I was of age I commenced the practice of law in Lexington, and during a long professional life have never had a personal difficulty or misunderstanding with any of its members.—How this has happened I do not know, for by nature I am somewhat irritable and impulsive; but so it is, and this fact alone would suffice to make my regret at parting with you deep enough enough an I sincere enough, if nothing else in the way of old associations and memories did not throng about and oppress my heart. "I have differed with many of you very widely in politics—have met you even in bitter political contests—but still we have been friends;—and now, in vo aging away from my native State, this consciousness—the consciousness, that I carry with me the good will of this entire Bar—fills me with a pleasure and pride that I cannot express. I do not leave you, gentlemen, because I expect to better my fortune in a pecuniary sense. I have reached an age when men cease to look into the dim distance with vague and happy eyes—eyes that color every thing with roseate hues. My flowers are not in the Future—they are in the dead and buried Past; and while my old and esteemed friend, Judge Robertson, was speaking, tears rose in my heart and gathe ed to my eyes, for both of us have known deep domestic distress. Gentlemen, there is much more that I would like to say, but my feelings overcome me. Here is my parting pledge:

"The Fayette Bar: It ennobles the legal profession by the talent and honor of its members, and thus may it be forever."

At the conclusion of Mr. Harrison's brief but affecting remarks, the gentlemen present partook of one of the most elegant and sumptuous dinners that was ever served up in Lexington. The whole affair was alike worthy of those who tendered and of him who was the recipient of the compliment.

The meeting was strictly private and social without formality. The warmest wishes were expressed by all for the health and happiness of their guest, and the evening terminated most pleasantly.

Mr. Harrison left on Thursday for New Orleans, which place he has selected as his future home. No gentleman has ever left Lexington more highly respected or more generally beloved.

☞Capt. Stivers, who is building a new boat at Madison for the Cincinnati and Kentucky River trade, has named her the "Le-lie Combs," in honor of our gallant Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

☞The Hon. ELIJAH HISE is to address a mass meeting in the county of Butler on the 31 of November, in behalf of Douglas and Johnson.

☞The notorious YANCEY was to speak at a barbecue at Florence, Ky., yesterday and there is a rumor that the Breckinridge men are endeavoring to get him to speak in this city on Monday. Yancey will scarcely dare to speak in this city. He will be to near the resting place of Henry Clay. That alone would cause the disunionist to quake with fear lest the noble old dead patriot should throw off the cerements of the sepulchre to denounce his infamous designs upon the Union of the States. Yancey will not come!

☞Since the above was in type we see that Mr. Yancey has really determined to come to Lexington. It is announced in the *Statesman*, of last evening, that he will address the people at this place on Monday next at 1½ o'clock P. M.

☞We call the attention of our readers to the appointments of ROGER W. HANSON, Esq., in our paper to day. We need not ask the people to turn out and hear Mr. Hanson as his ability and popularity as a public speaker always ensures him large audiences.

☞It will be seen by a notice in our paper this morning, that Mr. P. MCGROARTY, of Cincinnati, has a series of appointments to address the people of this Congressional district. The Louisville Democrat says:—"He is a fine speaker, and we call upon the Irishmen to come out and hear their eloquent countryman."

☞The remainder of the blooded Fillies, purchased in England by Messrs. Dudley and Bruce for the Kentucky Importing Company, have arrived at Philadelphia, and are expected here in a few days. In this lot, according to the judgment of the purchasers, are some of the finest animals purchased.

☞The farm of the late Mrs. Mary A Hood, in Scott county, near the Fayette line (150 acres,) was sold a few days ago at $115 an acre. Col. W. W. Jacobs, of Georgetown, was the purchaser.

☞The majorities in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania for the Republican ticket, at the elections held last week, have been largely overstated, and the true results show that each of these may by proper effort yet be carried against Lincoln.

Instead of a majority of *fifteen thousand* in Indiana, as reported last week, the majority for Lane, the Republican candidate for Governor, is 1,305. His gains in the rest of the State, in the same proportion, will give him about 6,000 majority. This may be easily overcome, when the Breckinridge men withdraw their support and cast it for their own electoral ticket.

So, in Ohio. The majority for Brinkerhoff, for Judge of the Supreme Court is but twelve thousand, instead of twenty odd thousand as first reported by the Black Republican papers. This majority the Cincinnati Enquirer speaks with great confidence of being able to overcome, and more especially if the proposed fusion between the friends of Douglas and of Bell takes place. A meeting to consider the subject is to take place at Columbus on Monday next, and we earnestly hope that the arrangement will be fully consummated.

MASONIC.—The Grand Lodge of Kentucky, which commenced its annual session at Louisville on Monday, passed a resolution to adjourn yesterday, and by a vote of 169 to 95 ordered that the next session should be held at Louisville on the third Monday in October, 1861.

The following are the officers of the Grand Lodge elected for the ensuing year:

M. W. Lewis Landrum, of Stanford, Grand Master
R. W. Benjamin J. Hinton, of Paducah, Deputy Grand Master.
W. Hiram Bassett, of Maysville, Grand Senior Warden.
W. Edward H. Hobson, of Greensburg, Grand Junior Warden.
Rev. Hiram A. Hunter, of Louisville, Grand Chaplain.
J. M. S McCorkle, of Greensburg, Grand Secretary.
Albert G. Hodges, of Frankfort, Grand Treasurer.
John B. Richardson, of Lexington, Grand Tyler.

The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons:

Theodore N. Wise, of Covington, M. E. G. H. P.
Mr. Hinton, of Paducah, D G. H. P.
T. Kohlhass, of Mt. Sterling. G. K.
T. Burnham, of Madison county, G. S.
Philip Swigert, of Frankfort, G Sec.
A. G. Hodges, of Frankfort, G. Treas.
H. Hudson, of Louisville, G C. of H.
Henry Orr, of Paris, G. R. A. C.
R. C. Matthews, of Louisville, G. S. and T.

SALE OF CATTLE.—Col. T. T. J. Dillehay, of Lincoln, sold last week to Mr Goff, of Clarke, 58 head of fat cattle at 3¾ cents. The cattle were fine, averaging about 2,000 pounds.

☞A paragraph has found its way into the papers, that the counties of Fayette and Bourbon have lost fifteen thousand worth of slaves in the last month. This is certainly a misrepresentation. We know of no slaves that have been lost in the county of Fayette during that time, nor have we heard of any in the county of Bourbon.

☞At the Memphis (Tenn.) Fair on the 12th inst., the premium of $1 000 was awarded to "Stockbridge Chief," belonging to Joseph Cooper, of Hamilton county, Ohio, as the finest trotting stallion. The celebrated Northern stallion, Ethan Allen, was among the contestants.

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—The Hon. WM. P. MILES has been re elected to Congress, without opposition, from the Charleston district. Referring to the election of members of the State Legislation the Charleston *Mercury* says:

"The question of separate secession of South Carolina in the event of Lincoln's election, and other States in the South failing to lead, being premature, and not a subject for action before the Legislature, has not been made an issue in the canvass. We believe that the delegation almost to a man will vote to arm the State and to call a State Convention and place South Carolina by the side of Alabama. Our readers will remember that the Governor of Alabama is instructed to issue writs of election and summon a Convention of the people of that State within forty days after it is ascertained that a Black Republican is elected to the Presidency."

VERMONT SENATOR.—The Hon. Jacob Collamer has been re elected, by the Legislature of Vermont, United States Senator for six years from the 4th of March next, when his present term will expire. In the Senate, the vote stood 27 to 1, and in the House, 198 to 24 Paul Dillingham (Dem.) received the opposition vote.

NASHVILLE RACES.—The races at Nashville commenced on Monday last. For the first race, "the Goodwood Stakes," two mile heats, Laura Farris was the only entry, and took the purse by galloping round the course. For the second race there were ten entries, a sweepstake for 2 year olds, a single dash of a mile, but only two started. It was won by Roundtree's filly, in 1:50, beating Woolfolk's filly.

The "Buford Stake" on Tuesday, for 3 year olds, mile heats, $200 subscription, was won by Roundtree's Glencoe colt, beating Judge Hunter's Sherrod, by Lecompte, and one other.

The third day, three mile heats, was won in two straight heats by Laura Farris, beating Mr. Campbell's Arthur Adams. Time: 5:53—5:50¼.

We learn from the *Banner* that Geo. W. W. Woolfolk sold on the course, on Monday, to James Jackson, of Alabama, his celebrated race filly, Lula Horton, 3 years old, by imported Albion, dam Martha Dunn, by imp. Sovereign, for $4,000. He also sold to Judge Hunter, of Ala., *Ellen Fall*, by Lexington, dam Laura, by imported Leviathan, 3 years old, for $2,500.

SIGNIFICANT FACTS.—The Frankfort Commonwealth says, "In our last August election for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, the Black Republicans in Covington, Newport and Louisville, voted for McClarty, the Breckinridge candidate for that office. In the late elections in the States of Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, the secessionists had no candidates in the field, but the friends of Breckinridge in those States—as a general thing—cast their votes for the Black Republican candidates.

In the face and eyes of these admitted and disgraceful facts, the Breckinridge organs and speakers in Kentucky have the audacity to ask conservative Kentuckians to abandon the conservative candidates and vote for the sectional candidate John C. Breckinridge.—That's about as high a flight as genuine impudence ever takes."

☞The Philadelphia Journal argues that the necessity of defeating Mr. Lincoln is conceded by all conservative men in Pennsylvania, but as the issue in that State is complicated by the Tariff question, no man, however unexceptionable in other respects, can succeed without a clean record in favor of "protection," not of slave property in the Territories, but of the industrial interests of the country at large. While a fusion ticket, adds the Journal, would not carry the State, neither could Mr. Breckinridge or Mr. Douglas obtain its electoral vote. If John Bell, however, where to receive the entire conservative vote, his devotion to the Tariff would ensure his success. If, then, the friends of Mr. Breckinridge and Mr. Douglas were to withdraw their electoral tickets, Mr. Lincoln might yet lose the State. Who do these gentlemen say?

☞Sena or Davis, of Mississippi, in his late speech at Holly Springs, in that State, was very severe upon Mr. Douglas for taking the stump in his own behalf. He remarked also that he would have been better satisfied if Mr. Breckinridge had not made a speech; and applauded the course of John Bell by saying that he *"had staid at home and behaved himself like a gentleman"*

STILL THEY COME!—We copy, with unaffected pleasure, from the Montgomery (Ala.) *Post* the following letter from one of the most estimable and influential gentlemen in the State of Alabama, and commend it to the attention of all our readers. No one, not wilfully blind, can fail to see, as Judge Bibb sees, that the only possible chance of averting the catastrophe of the election of Lincoln, is, to vote for Bell and Everett:

Letter from the Hon. B. S. Bibb.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept 18, 1860.

Col. ANDREW H. H. DAWSON:

Dear Sir—Your letter of the 15th inst., asking me, "Is it true that you have resolved to support Bell and Everett, and if it is, why did you do it?," has been received. In reply, I would remark that we have a candidate for the Presidency of the United States, nominated by a section, with sectional issues, in opposition to the constitutional rights of the South, whose defeat is with me the paramount object.

I have, therefore, declined to commit myself to the support of any one, until I could be better informed as to the individual who might be most successful in effecting such a result.

In my recent visit to several watering places in the mountains of Virginia, I had an opportunity of seeing and conversing with a number of gentlemen of intelligence, from most of the Southern States, and among them were the friends of Breckinridge, Douglas and Bell, and taking the aggregate of information thus obtained, I am satisfied that Bell and Everett stand the best chance to defeat the Black Republican Lincoln, and have determined to give them my support.

Respectfully, B. S. BIBB.

Now, here is an eminent and distinguished man, a citizen of the State of Alabama, who had determined to vote for Breckinridge, as the surest means of defeating Lincoln. But extensive travel, observation and inquiry having brought him to the conclusion that Bell *"stands the best chance to defeat the Black Republican Lincoln"* He has determined, in spite of his partialities for Breckinridge, and in the spirit of a true patriot and honest man, to cast his vote for Bell!

Is not such the solemn and imperative duty of every Democrat in the South?

THE BRECKINRIDGE CITADEL STORMED IN GEORGIA.—We copy the following from the Augusta Sentinel of last Saturday:

Bring out the Big Gun!—Hurrah for Union Men of Spalding!—We Have Stormed the Breckinridge Citadel!—We publish the glad tidings from Spalding county with infinite pleasure. This is the county in which the greatest defection from our ranks has occurred. The Democratic Senator resigned, and the Bell men have elected their candidate in a straight-out hand to hand fight with the Breckinridgers. Where is the Breckinridge strength in Georgia, that we hear so much of? It has not yet been shown. In Richmond it did not show itself. In Chatham it was defeated. And now in Spalding we have completely routed the enemy! Hurrah, hurrah, hurrah!

A PRINCELY PRESENT TO A KENTUCKY BELLE.—On Monday Miss Mattie Taylor, of Newport, received from his Royal Highness a magnificent diamond brooch, surmounted by his crest. The present is a token of the Prince's remembrance of the Cincinnati ball, and more particularly, of course, of the pleasure he experienced in the society of Miss Taylor, who was selected as one of his partners by the floor managers, and with whom he danced and waltzed. Whether any of his other partners have been similarly complimented, we are not aware. The brooch was made to the royal order, and is certainly indicative, if it proves to be the only case of the kind, of a decided impression having been made by the fair Kentuckian upon the royal heart.

MR. BELL AND FOREIGNERS.—Many Breckinridge speakers and presses are denouncing Mr. Bell as a "Know-Nothing," to deter naturalized citizens from giving him their votes. They see that their disunion sentiments and threats (which they have to persist in, to retain a portion of their own "fire eaters" and those whom they have taken from us) are driving the foreigners from them and inducing them to go for Bell or Douglas, and they want particularly to "head them off" from Bell, because he is the candidate they are most afraid of in the South. Now, the truth is, Mr. Bell never was a "Know-Nothing," and we do not believe that Mr. Everett ever was. Mr. Bell, in 1854, warned his party friends of the impolicy of making such an issue as would alienate the foreign vote. We copy from his speech in the Senate on the 25th May, 1854, at a time "Know-Nothingism" was a power in the land:

"I said yesterday, that if the Southern Senators had come to the conclusion that the principles of this bill were so important, as they announced, that they were ready to waive the Clayton amendment, though they approved it. I thought it bad policy on the part of the South to make any objection to give the right of suffrage to aliens and foreigners not naturalized. We know that they are now coming into the country at the rate of half a million a year; and since the Atlantic may be said to be bridged over practically, we may expect immigrat on from the Old World of a million annually. No one expects to stop this immigration. Encouragement has been our policy on various grounds. No impediment, no restriction can be imposed upon it; and under the operation of the new principles adopted for the regulation of our Territories, or under any circumstances, the South would be saving unwisely to alienate the feelings and excite the hostility of so large a portion of our future population against the South and Southern institutions."—[*Ap. to Cong. Globe, Vol. 29, p. 947.*

That, we should suppose, is explicit and satisfactory enough.

☞The Sandy Valley Advocate announces that R J. Breckinridge, Jr., remarked at Ashland, Ky, that things looked *"rather blue,"* and took the back track to Lexington giving up his appointments to speak.

☞The Washington correspondent of the New York Commercial writes that some of the Southern Banks are curtailing and with holding loans, in anticipation of State secession, and consequent disturbance of business relations and mercantile credit.

OLD JOE LANE FOR SQUATTER SOVEREIGNTY.—It has been abundantly shown that John C. Breckinridge was one of the early and ardent advocates of Squatter Sovereignty. It turns out that his colleague on the ticket, "Old Joe Lane," was his zealous coadjutor in the work. Breckinridge declared that the Kansas bill would not have received his vote but for the fact that it left "the future condition of the Territories *dependent wholly upon the action of the* INHABITANTS." In 1856, Lane made a speech in the Senate in which he said:

"There is nothing in the law, gentlemen but what every enlightened American heart should approve. *The idea incorporated in the Kansas Nebraska bill is the true American principle; for the bill does not establish or prohibit slavery, but leaves the people of these territories perfectly free to regulate their own local affairs in their own way.* Is there any man who can object to that idea? Is there any American citizen who can oppose that principle?"

The beauty of it is that these two men should have been upon a ticket to oppose Douglas, because of his advocacy of Squatter Sovereignty—and that the Democratic party should have been broken up for the purpose. *Vive la bagatelle!*

PATRIOTIC SENTIMENT.—In one of Mr. Bell's latest speeches, we find the following patriotic sentiment, in which all men ought to concur. "Let power," said Mr. Bell, "go into whatever hands it may, let us save the Union! I trust the day will never come, when it will be necessary to calculate the value of the Union. I do not believe it will come, if the South is wise and true to herself. I would not have her yield one jot or tittle of her rights; but I would have her make no questionable issue in advance, stir up no strife upon abstract questions, but do always what is just and right upon all questions."

There is the calm utterance of an honest man and a noble patriot. Will not the people vote for Bell in preference to any man now before them, the election of either of whom would only tend to still further disturb and agitate the country?

☞There is evidently a change coming over the ultra supporters of Breckinridge. The Marietta (Ga.) Southern Statesman distinctly declares against resistance should Lincoln be elected. Gov. Wise has declared that he "will not secede," but will fight in and for the Union, and Mr. William F. Sanford, of Alabama, a member of Mr. Yancey's "Southern League," has written a letter lately in which he says:

How shall we resist Lincoln? By secession or revolution? *By neither. By no act of aggression whatever.* By a stern determined maintenance of our rights *in the Union* with arms in our hands! Let us fight for the old altars of the Sacred Temple of the Constitution. Let us fight *for* the Union, and never cease to fight until we drive the fanatical vandals of Black Republicanism from its precincts, or leave Mount Vernon to look down upon the city of the Potomac, as desolate a ruin as the cliffs of Lebanon ever overshadow among the rubbish of Tyre—leave New York like the proud mistress of the Tigris, which flourished and faded, and lies so obscurely amid the graves of cities and empires, that she has become "a place for beasts to lie down in"

☞The question between those of the Democracy who advocate and those who reject the "intervention" of Congress for the protection of slave property in the Territories was thus stated by the Hon. Roger A. Pryor on the 12th of April, 1859:

"The interventionists demand action of Congress with an absolute conviction that if Congress interpose at all it will exert its power to defeat the very object they contemplate. The non-interventionists, with an equal regard for the rights of the South, but with an infinitely more practical purpose, decline to invoke the aid of their deadliest adversary, and appeal for protection to the impartial action of the Judiciary. They do not acknowledge the need of Federal legislation, but deem their rights secure under cover of the Constitution. They do not abase themselves by supplication to an insolent abolition majority in Congress, but calmly and confidently rely on the legal sufficiency of their right and the unbiased integrity of the courts.

"Which is the wiser policy? Nay, which is the prouder position?"

☞The Oktibbeha (Miss.) Advertiser, having renounced the support of Breckinridge and Lane, will hereafter advocate the election of Bell and Everett.

☞Why have not the Breckinridge men of Kentucky celebrated the victories which the Breckinridge party in conjuction with its allies achieved in the late election in three of the free States?—*Louisville Journal.*

☞A San Francisco correspondent of the New York Courier and Enquirer says the census of that city has been taken, and the population is found to be as follows: White males 49,343; white females 23,985; Chinese 3,150; colored 1,605; total 78,083. The number of buildings in the city is 10,123, as follows: Wood 8,603; brick 1,461; iron 47; adobe 6; stone 6. Of these nearly 400 have been erected since June, 1859. The returns from other counties show that the population of the State has been overated by the estimates. It has been common to assign to California a population of 700,000. It does not exceed 400,000, and will probably fall within 350,000. Under the new apportionment it is not likely that the State will gain more than one member of Congress. This fact will cause indiscribable discontent, for the number of ambitious young lawyers who see no other mode of getting a living than from Congressional pay and mileage, is enormous.

☞A friend of ours, who has been seduced from the Democratic faith, like all new proselytes, being very zealous in the cause, recently sent a lady a pamphlet copy of Breckinridge's Lexington speech, with the request that she would peruse it. She very complacently returned it with her thanks, stating that she had *"quit reading light literature."—Memphis Appeal*

From the Nicholasville Democrat

PUBLIC SPEAKING.—Messrs. Frank Waters, W. R. Kinney, of Henderson, and R. W. Hanson, addressed the citizens of Jessamine, at the Court House, on Monday last, in behalf of their respective candidates. Mr. Waters made a good speech for the Little Giant, one just suited for the locality, and one which will tell upon the vote of this county. He was followed by Mr. Kinney, in a brief, but eloquent harangue in favor of Mr. Bell. Hanson spoke in his usual happy style, adducing strong arguments to sustain his position. He ridiculed the idea of disrupting the Government like they had done the Democratic party.

☞It is amusing to hear the Breckinridge organs, office-holders, and wandering orators, that visit our county tell how the people are coming over to *their* party. They are losing ground, not only in Kentucky, but all over the South. Every day but more fully exhibits their utter despair. They see defeat staring them in the face—they are frightened and roar lustily to keep up what little courage their fiery little leader has inbued them with.—*Nicholasville Dem.*

☞The Breckinridgers of this county are highly elated at the prospect of Douglas' defeat, indicated by the late elections. We are sorn what disposed to participate in a like degree of mirth at the miserable failure about being made by Breckinridge to carry his own State.—*Nich. Dem.*

What the Sewing Machine Performs—Interesting Facts.

The last Sewing Machine controversy "stirred up the ashes from the bottom" and has furnished the public with a mass of facts about inventors and things in general of the very highest importance. The sewing machine is a great institution. Like the cotton gin it is "mixed up with everything." The sewing machine is found in the parlor and in the kitchen—in the country and in the city—in the factory and in the workshop.—The sewing machine is even found in most State prisons and penitentiaries. The present century has produced the following great inventions:—the steam boat, the railroad, and the telegraphic—the cotton gin, the telegraph, and the sewing machine. Some people would rank the cotton gin as of more importance to mankind than the sewing machine; but we think the results equal to either of the other three great inventions, and yet tables and figures prove that this is really the case.

One of the witnesses examined in the case was Eli Baker. Mr. B. states that the amount of the boots and shoes product of Massachusetts is $30,000,000 annually, and the ladies' and misses' gaiter boots and shoes business is at least one half of the whole product of shoe business in that State; and is, therefore, equal to $27,500,000. He also states that about one fifth of the $55, 000,000 is paid for sewing labor. From this proportion it appears that the annual sewing labor upon ladies' and misses' gaiter boots and shoes is $11,500,000, and that it would cost four times as much if done by hand—so that the annual saving by this invention in the manufacture of ladies' and misses' boots and shoes, in one State, is 7,500,000. The price of these shoes has been reduced to the consumer *one-half* by the introduction of sewing machines; the price of material remaining the same.

But it is in the manufacture of clothing that the sewing machine shows up its wonderful powers, and causes one to wonder how the world had ever got along without sewing machines. To show what it is doing, we refer to the evidence of James W. Millar, connected with Brooks Brothers, of New York. Mr. Millar states that the house of Brooks Brothers does a business of over $1,000,000 annually, and use twenty sewing machines in the store and patronize those that others use, and do about two thirds of all their sewing by machine, and pay annually for sewing labor about $200 000; $70,000 of this is saved by machines—that is, the machines save $70,000 on every $200,000 paid for sewing labor. And he states the house of Brooks Brothers does not make one hundredth part of the machine made clothing manufactured in New York. This, putting the proportion at one one hundredth part, would make the business of manufacturing machine clothing in the city of New York $100,000,000 annually; and, at the rate that house pays for sewing, it brings the cost of sewing in this branch of manufacture in the city of New York (even with the assistance of the sewing machine) up to $40,000,000. A saving of $60,000,000 on every $ 00,000 of this makes $1,200,000. The opponents of labor saving machines should take the above figures into immediate consideration. The more attention they give them, the sooner they will discover that the labor-saving machine benefits no one more greatly than the laborer himself.—[*Albany Knickerbocker.*

SEWING MACHINES.—The first premium was given to Wheeler & Wilson, at the late exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute, for the best family sewing machine. This is the fourth year they have made this same award, which plainly shows nothing superior to it has yet been invented.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

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☞ROGER W. HANSON will address the people at the following times and places:

At Paris, Tuesday, Oct. 30th.
At Carlisle, Wednesday, Oct. 31st.
At Cynthiana, Thursday, Nov. 1st.
At Sandersville, Friday, Nov. 2d.
At Frankfort, Saturday Nov 3d.
Speaking to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Commonwealth please copy.

☞P. MCGROARTY, of Cincinnati, will address the people of the Ashland District, as follows:

Versailles, Saturday, October 20th.
Frankfort, (at night) Saturday, October 20th
Georgetown, Monday, October 22d.
Paris, Tuesday October 23d
Cynthiana, (at night) Thursday, Oct. 23d.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, October 17.

Beef—declined ¼@½ per lb; sales at 6@9 for extra, and 9½@9¾ the latter an extreme price; receipts 5700—sales 1,000 extra, at above—first quality 8¾@9¼; second do 8@8½ third do 7½@8¼.

Veals and cows unchanged.

Sheep ½ lower, sales at 5@6, lambs 8 3/10; receipts 15,800

Swine 1 wer and and supply larger; live 6@6½ dressed 7¼@8¼ receipts 15,000.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, October 16th, by the Rev. W. C Dandy, at the residence of David Thornton, Esq., Mr W. W. GEORGE, Jr., to Miss AGNES THORNTON, both of Versailles, Ky.

On the 11th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother in Jefferson county, Ky., by the Rev. James Craik, Mr. STEPHEN F. CHIPLEY, recently of this city, to Miss ELIZABETH G. GALT daughter of the late Dr. Galt of Louisville.

DIED.

At his residence in this county on Wednesday morning last, the 17th inst., Mr. JAMES GIBSON, a venerable and respected citizen.

At his residence in this county, on the morning of the 17th inst., Mr. WILLIAM BOWMAN, aged 73 years, a gentleman widely known, and leaving numerous relatives and friends who were sincerely attached to him Mr. Bowman was one of the oldest residents of the county.

For Sale.

A NEGRO WOMAN 30 years old, a good Cook, Washer and Ironer. She will not be sold to leave the county. Enquire of

oct 20 56 JOHN W. LEE.

One Hundred and Thirty-Eight Boxes of Glass in Store and ready for delivery. Those in want of Window Glass, will favor themselves and oblige me by looking at my stock and obtaining my prices. This is the best quality of Glass, and has been purchased at lower rates than any other lot of Window Glass that I have known to come to this market.

I can not open my Store Room for a few days, but may be seen in the cellar of the premises.

FRANK FITCH.

October 20 56.

JOHN W. LEE,

PREMIUM

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,

No. 10, Main St.,

LEXINGTON, KY.

TAKES this opportunity of thanking his friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him since he commenced business in Lexington. And also, takes this method of informing them that he has secured the services of two of the finest Confectioners in the country, and is now prepared to execute any work that may be entrusted to him in a style and manner that can't be surpassed anywhere in this country. He has also supplied himself with

NEW STYLE MOULDS,

AND

New and Beautiful Designs

FOR BUILDING

TEMPLES,
PYRAMIDS,
CHARLOTTE ROUSE VASES,
CREAM MERANG
BASKETS, &c.

His STOCK OF CONFECTIONARIES is complete, and at his Store may be found the finest

French Candies

ever brought to this city. His Stick Candy' Cream Candy, Rose Almonds, Mint Drops But ter Scotch and Taffys, are made fresh every day All kinds of

Small Cakes, Bread and Crackers

Made fresh Every Day.

He keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

Pickles, Chow Chow, Peaches, Preserves, Sauces, Ketsups, Fresh Salmon Lobsters Sardines, &c.

FRESH OYSTERS

Received Every Day.

☞Look in at his Store, No. 10 Main street and assure yourselves of the superiority of the *only way* in that was said to have been started in this city, OVERLAND OYSTERS.

His motto is QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

JOHN W LEE.

oct 20 56

KENTUCK BLOOD STOCK

Importing Company.

THE Kentucky Importing Company will sell at public auction, in front of the Phoenix Hotel, on Saturday, November 10, 1860 at half past 10 o'clock, A. M.,

12 Imported Thoroughbred

FILLIES,

Being Nos. 2, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, of the Catalogue.

The purchaser will be required to execute notes with approved security, negotiable and payable four months after date, at the Agricultural Deposit Bank of Lexington.

J. B. VILEY, President.

oct 20 56

First Premium at U. S. Fair!

AWARDED to the Alligator Smoke Consuming Coal Cook Stove, which accounts for the large number of old stoves for sale in County Court days. Every body throws away old stoves to get one of these splendid Bakers. These stoves are as clean as wood stoves, consuming their own coke and Bake and Boil finely We are agents for this city and county.

THOMPSON & CREIGHTON.

oct 20 56-4t

NEW IMPORTATION!

JUST Received, from the most celebrated Potteries of England and France, a large and well selected stock of

WHITE, GILT AND DECORATED

FRENCH CHINA,

Granite, and Common Ware

Also—From the best manufactories, a large stock of PLATED WARE—consisting in part of Tea-Sets, Urns, Waiters, Pitchers, Dishes, Mugs, Castors, Cruets, Cakes, Butter Tubs Spoon Holders, Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c., &c.

Also—A fine stock of Britannia Ware, Japaned Waiters, Cake Boxes, Plate Warmers, Feather Dusters, Chafing Dishes, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at astonishing low prices.

Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

oct 20 56-4t D. S. COODLOE.

COAL OIL LAMPS.

JUST received and receiving, a large stock of all gr

NEW CARPET AND PIANO STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Lexington and surrounding country, that he has opened a

Carpet and Piano Store,

On Main street, opposite Adams' press Office,

is the house lately occupied by C. F. Williams where can be found every thing in the House-furnishing line. The stock consists of the following, viz:

English Velvet Tapistry,
" Brussels "
" "
" and American 2 & 3 Plys,
Tapestry Ingrains,
Superfine "
Ingrains,
Mattings,
Oilcloths,
Wall Paper,
Hall and Stair Carpetings,
Window Shades, Cornices,
Brocatells, Satin Delaines,, Damasks,
Lace, Muslin and Nottingham Curtains,
&c,

Also, a fine stock of

PIANOS

of the following celebrated Manufacturers:

Steinway & Sons, Soehbeler & Sch idt, and Hazelton Brothers,

which will be sold at the Manufacturer's prices

The above goods have all been bought within the last three weeks and will be sold as low or lower than at any establishment in the city.

The goods are of the latest styles and patterns, and of the best quality, and all who will favor me with a call will find it decidly to their advantage, as great bargains will be given.

J. KRAUSS.

Lexington, sept 5, 1860 43

$2,000.

WE have now in store upwards of $2,000 worth of well assorted

FANCY FURS

For Ladies, of every quality, from a Rock Martin to a Hudson Bay Sable. Among them are a few set of Swan's Down, which are very beautiful.

Also on hand, a large stock of Children's Furs. Come and make your selections early.

sept 22 48- H. SHAW & CO.

Plating & Replating.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, wishing to have their **Silver and Plated Ware,** *renewed and replated,* in the best manner, warranted as good as new, and at the lowest possible prices, will please send their orders at

E. RICHTER'S
Silver Plating Establishment,
325 (old 101) Third street, between Market & Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

All work warranted for several years and promptly delivered.

Louisville, sept 19 47-3m

JOHN MARSHALL. LOUIS I. MARSHALL.

JOHN MARSHALL & BRO.,

AGENTS

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad,

And Proprietors of

Covington Transfer Company, and Wharf Boat,

Covington, Ky.

ALL Goods should be directed to our care from the Eastern Cities, by the Little Miami and other Railroads in Cincinnati, to receive the same attention as those shipped by the River from Pittsburg, Wheeling, Parkersburg, &c.

Freight Received at our Wharf Boat at Covington, *at all hours,* day or night. To avoid mistakes, goods should be marked, "Care of Marshall & Bro., Covington Wharf Boat," or "Covington Agent Baltimore & Ohio Railroad."

Covington, sept 19 47-

OYSTERS.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has been appointed Sole Agent for the celebrated

Philadelphia Cove Plant Oysters,

Which are superior to most other brands in this market.

H. McMANUS,
Opposite Louisville R. R. Depot.

Lexington, Nov. 23 65-

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE and well arranged DWELLING HOUSE, on Broadway. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber.

Dec. 3 66 W. S. CHIPLEY.

THRESHING MACHINES,

1 to 2 Horse Power,

Of the very best varieties.

ALSO, PORTABLE

Steam Engines

For threshing and other purposes.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines & Saw Mills;

with the latest improvements and of the greatest capacity.

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

July 18 29

GREAT ATTRACTION!

SOMETHING NEW!

REGULAR

AUCTION & COMMISSION STORE,

AT LEXINGTON, KY.,

Corner of Main street and Broadway.

WM. LANDSBERG, Auctioneer,

TAKES this method of informing everybody that he has established a permanent

Auction & Commission House,

FOR THE SALE OF

Goods, Wares and Merchandize,

and is prepared to transact any business entrusted to his care in Lexington, Louisville, or Cincinnati.

New York reference given.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

The regular Auction Sales will take place, every **Monday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday night.**

All the goods offered will be warranted as represented, and sold without reserve.

Private sales during the day, where great bargains will be given, respectfully requesting your favorable notice of the same.

sept 5 43-

Eureka! Eureka! Eureka!

AFTER trying for some time we have at last found it. Call and see the best and cheapest Washing Machine ever yet introduced in this city. It is an article that no family should be without.

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUGN.

July 28 32

Fresh Ground Ohio Flour.

OF an extra quality, ground from Kentucky *White Wheat,* and shipped from Cincinnati here, warranted O K, which we sell at $5 50 a Barrel.

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

aug 4 34

Superior Champagne.

25 BASKETS splendid Champagne, in pint and quart bottles, C. Farre brand, imported direct from Reims, of the best vintages in twenty years. For sale by

W. K. HIGGINS & HUNTER.

march 31 102

Blue Grass Seed Wanted.

WE want to buy a few hundred bushels of Blue Grass Seed, and will also pay the highest price in cash for Rye.

aug 15 37- W. C. HAMILTON & CO.

White Sugar for Preserving,

FOR sale by

sept 5 43-1m BACON & BRAND,

JOHN EVANS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NORTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET,

Between Mulberry and Upper Streets,

LEXINGTON, KY.

THE undersigned has taken the house lately occupied by Messrs. OREAR & TODD, (located as above, for the purpose of doing business as a

MERCHANT TAILOR:

And having just purchased in the Eastern Cities, an extensive and superior stock of

New and Fashionable Goods FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Is now prepared to execute orders for *FASHIONABLE GARMENTS,* on the shortest notice and to the satisfaction of the most fastidious.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine the **New Styles and Patterns.**

March 9 95- JOHN EVANS.

JOHN HALY,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

OF

HOUSES, MONUMENTS VAULTS, &c.

HAVING successfully completed his contract on the CLAY MONUMENT, and having a large stock of **Italian and American Marble** on hand, is now prepared to contract for all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

MONUMENTS,

Head Stones, Mantels, Mural Tables, Garden Vases, Bureau and Counter Tops, Cemetery Vaults, Tiling for Verandahs, or any other kind of work in the Marble Line.

He is also prepared to contract for all kinds of **CUT STONE WORK.** The durability of Stone used in this department is from the celebrated Grimes Quarry, and, unlike all other Stone used in this vicinity, is free from all kinds of seams or fractures, and susceptible of the finest finish. Give me a call, and I guarantee to give satisfaction. I can refer to the first class buildings in the State as the best proof of skill and competency.

Italian and American Marble for sale in Blocks and Slabs, at my Yard on Short street, opposite the New Baptist Church, Lexington, Ky., where orders will be received; or by letter addressed to John Haly, Frankfort, Ky.

October 29 58-

NOTICE.

THE partnership of THOMPSON & HIERONYMUS & Co. formed in Kentucky last summer, for the purpose of an adventure in stock to the South, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Harrison Thomson is charged with the settlement of its affairs, and will sign the name of the firm in liquidation.

W. T. HIERONYMUS,
HARRISON THOMSON
SANFORD THOMSON
T. M. COX.

New Orleans, May 1858. 14-swawtf.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

New Styles—Prices from $50 to $125.

HEMMERS, $3 EXTRA.

THESE Machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell Gather and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour.*

Offices of Exhibition and Sale, 495 Broadway, New York, and at

MRS. M. A. MAGUIRE'S,
Lower end of Main Street, Lexington, Ky.,
Opposite Messrs. Milward & Son.

February 11 85-

Coffee.

500 BAGS Prime RIO COFFEE just received and for sale low.

JOHN CARTY,
nov 12 62 Millstreet near Main.

Refined Sugars.

75 BBLS Refined Sugars,
10 Boxes D. R. Loaf do, in store and for sale by JOHN CARTY.
nov 12 62

W. S. KNOTT. T. A. HARROW.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Corner of 4th and Main streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

KNOTT & HARROW,
october 12 53- Proprietors.

CLARETS ARD ALES.

50 BOXES various brands Clarets,
10 Casks Knox & Son's Sparkling Alsa Ale.
4 do Younger's Pale Ale.
3 do Barclay, Perkins & Co.'s celebrated Brown Stout.

Just received, for sale by

april 7 104 HUNTER & BRUCE.

100 HHDS. fully fair to strictly prime SUGAR, in store and for sale by

april 28 6- J. B. WILGUS & CO.

10 CASKS Young & Co.'s best Scotch Ale in Pint Jugs, in store and for sale by

april 28 6- J. B. WILGUS & CO.

1-4 CASK Choice Madeira Wine, just received and for sale by

april 28 6- J. B. WILGUS & CO.

5 BBLS. fine Copper Whiskey, eight years old, in store and for sale by

april 28 6- J. B. WILGUS & CO.

REMOVAL.

R. BRENAN,

HAS opened a BOOT AND SHOE STORE, in that well known establishment, formerly *Hunt's Lace Store, No. 5, Main Street, Lexington, Ky.*

He will keep a **Fine and Well Selected Stock of Goods** in his line, and will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

LADIES' AND CHILDRENS'

GAITERS, SHOES;

And every thing desirable in that line.

Having had 20 years experience in the Shoe business, it will be sufficient to give assurance to his customers and friends, that he will be able to give satisfaction.

He will still continue to **Manufacture to Order,** and all work done by him will be *warranted* as represented, or the money returned.

He would take this occasion of returning thanks to his friends and customers for the patronage extended to him for the past six years, and respectfully asks a continuance of the same.

R. BRENAN,
(formerly Hunt's Lace Store,)
june 30 24- No. 5, Main street.

Locust Posts for Sale.

500 BLACK LOCUST POSTS for Plank Fencing or Post-and-Railing, for sale by

L. P. TARLTON,

3 miles from Lexington on Harrodsburg Pike.

N. B.—I can furnish Grazing for One Hundred Cattle for two months. L. P. T.

October 5 51-

WICKLIFFE COOPER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Lexington, Ky.,

WILL give prompt attention to all business confided to him in the Courts of Fayette and the adjoining counties, the Court of Appeals and Federal Courts at Frankfort.

CARRIAGE MAKING, REPAIRING, &C.

JOHN G. KISER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has just completed and is now occupying an extensive

NEW CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

ON LIMESTONE STREET,

FIRST TENEMENT ABOVE THE JAIL

where he has made the most ample arrangements for the prosecution of his business. He is prepared to execute all orders for

Carriage Making and Repairing

Without delay, and in the best possible manner.

Vehicles of every description, built in the most fashionable style, as well as with the view of durability. He keeps on hand for sale, at the most reasonable prices,

Buggies, Sulkies, Spring Wagons, &c.,

together with every description of

SECOND HAND VEHICLES.

Carriages Painted in superior style, on short notice, and every description of Repairing done in the most satisfactory manner, at prices corresponding with the times.

Intending to spare no pains in his effort to give satisfaction in all departments of his business, he respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage.

J. G. K.

march 31 102-

PHŒNIX HOTEL,

LEXINGTON, KY.

S. R. & P. THOMSON,

PROPRIETORS.

THE undersigned having purchased the above well known Hotel, respectfully give notice that the House will undergo a thorough repairing and re-furnishing, and in several important particulars the building will be much improved. It will be our constant aim to render the house in all respects a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, and to give entire satisfaction to our guests.

The improvements contemplated will not interrupt the business of the house, which will be open from this date.

The services of MR. C. WEST & LADY, experienced Hotel Keepers, have been secured to superintend the House.

S. R. & P. THOMSON.

march 24 100-

W. W. LONNEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER

AND

General Commission MERCHANT,

Corner of Upper and Water streets,

LEXINGTON, KY.

sept 1 42-tf

THE BUCKEYE

REAPER AND MOWER

IN THE FIELD AS THE

Best Hemp Cutter Extant!

THERE is no longer any doubt about it. We have tested it, and it is all "O, K." Call soon—only two or three left.

DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

aug 11 36

FOR SALE.

A NEGRO WOMAN who is a good Cook Washer and Ironer and spinner and weaver, 46 years. Enquire at Thompson's Jail, Broadway.

dec 3

LOST

ON Monday last between the Branch Bank and residence of Gen. D. S. Goodloe, an Engraved Bracelet, with a lady's name scratched upon the inside. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office or at the Branch Bank.

march 3 94

LIFE INSURANCE!

Insure Your Own and Negroes Lives with

CHARTER OAK Life Insurance Company!

Having a Capital and Accumulated Fund of

$607,879 45.

AS Agent for the above Company, being one of the strongest that takes risks on Negroes, I am prepared to Insure the lives of both blacks and whites at rates as low as are consistant with the safety of the assured.

J. W. COCHRAN, Agent.

feb 22 91

WANTED.

IMMEDIATELY 5,000 **Bushels of Barley,** to fill an order; for which the highest cash price will be paid.

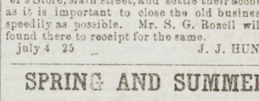
march 28 DOWDEN, BRO. & GUNN.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me, will call at Mr. John T. Miller's Store, Main street, and settle their accounts, as it is important to close the old business as speedily as possible. Mr. S. G. Rozell will be found there to receipt for the same.

july 4 25 J. J. HUNT.

SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.



KENTUCKY CENTRAL 1859. RAILROAD. 1860.

(COVINGTON AND LEXINGTON DIVISION.)

Ballasted with Broken Rock, and Free from Dust!

Two Daily Trains from Lexington,

(SUNDAY'S EXCEPTED.)

ON and after Wednesday, April 25th, 1860, and until further notice, trains will run as follows:—

The Accommodation Train

Leaves Lexington, at	5:30 A. M.
Arrives at Covington, at	10:35 " "

Passengers by this Train, going West, can take the 12:45 P. M. Indianapolis & Cincinnati, and 5:30 P. M. Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroads, for

St. Louis,	Chicago,
Indianapolis,	Terre Haute,
Lafayette,	Burlington,
Iowa City,	Galena,
Rock Island,	St. Joseph,

And all Cities and Towns West and North-West.

The Express Train

Leaves Lexington, at	12:25 P. M.
Arrives at Covington, at	4:58 " "

Passengers by this Train going East, can take the 11:30 P. M. Little Miami, and Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Express Trains, via Cleveland, Pittsburg and Wheeling, to

New York,	Philadelphia,	Boston,
Baltimore,	Washington City,	Cleveland,
Dunkirk,	Buffalo,	Albany,
Niagara Falls,	Columbus,	Crestline,
Harrisburg,	Richmond, Va.,	Zanesville.

Passengers by this Train going West, make close connection at Cincinnati, with the *Ohio and Mississippi Railroad,* 7:30 P. M. Express Train, for St. Louis and other Western Cities, *arriving at St. Louis the next morning,* making but *one change of cars.* Passengers can secure seats at Cincinnati, *all the way through,* against such passengers as may get in on the way. Also, a comfortable night's rest in one of

THE SPLENDID SLEEPING CARS,

Now in use on this Road. By this route they avoid the *Long Omnibus Rides* by other routes, and also the danger of missing connection with the Ohio and Mississippi Road, and having to lie over on the way.

Passengers for Cairo, will find this the *most certain and reliable route.*

Baggage checked through from Lexington to St. Louis—Fare as low as by any other Route.

FOR THROUGH TICKETS,

EAST or WEST, and all information, apply at the **Kentucky Central Ticket Office, on Main street, between Mill st. and Cheapside,** Lexington, and at the Ticket Office of the Company at Paris.

Omnibusses will call for Passengers.

C. A. WITHERS, Supt.

WM. FURNELL, Ticket Agent, Lexington, Ky.

april 25 3-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.

Premium

Family and Manufacturers' SEWING MACHINES.

THE undersigned would call the attention of the citizens of Lexington and the surrounding country, to the above Sewing Machine. It took the Premium at the Kentucky State Fair, and for a Family Machine is superior to any now in use. I would especially call the attention of the Farmers to this machine for making up all kinds of Heavy Cloth, Country Jeans, &c., believing it is the only Machine now in use that will give perfect satisfaction. All Machines warranted three years and full instruction given.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Agent,
sept 21 47 Lexington, Ky.

GEO. B. SLOAT & CO.'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

WE offer GEO. B. SLOAT & CO.'s **FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,** to the public for sale; which, *for elegance, speed and simplicity of machinery, is not surpassed by any other Sewing Machine now in use.* The stitch is alike on both sides, therefore, it is impossible to ravel. It is also adapted to the thickest or the thinnest of fabrics.

Those wishing a good Machine, will do well to call and examine it before buying elsewhere.

Office removed from No. 3 Higgins' Block, to J. W. Alexander & Co's China Store, Main st. Lexington, Ky.

june 1 15- F. C. WAGNER, Agent.

LAW NOTICE.

F. K. HUNT & J. B. BECK

HAVE formed a partnership in the PRACTICE OF LAW. They will attend to all business confided to them in the county of Fayette and the adjoining counties, the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort.

Office on Short street immediately opposite the Court House, the same occupied by Breckinridge & Beck. Address, Hunt & Beck.

may 30 15

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Northcutt, Marshall & Co., has been dissolved by limitation. All persons having claims against the firm are requested to present them for settlement

JOSEPH NORTHCUTT,
SILAS MARSHALL,
GEORGE S. MARSHALL.

June 13 19-

NEGROES BOUGHT & SOLD!

THE undersigned having purchased the large, convenient and well known establishment in Memphis formerly owned by Col. Hill beg leave to inform the public that they will hereafter keep it, and are prepared to buy and sell negroes there on their own account, as well as on commission. Traders, therefore, and others who may desire to avail themselves of our house and our services in the purchase and sale of negroes on commission can have an opportunity to do so at that place.

JOSEPH H. NORTHCUTT & CO.

June 13 19-

100 Negroes Wanted!

WE wish to purchase **ONE HUNDRED NEGROES** of both sexes, between 15 and 25 years of age, for which the highest market price will be paid. JOSEPH H. NORTHCUTT can be found in Lexington, and persons having negroes of the above description to sell will please call on him, at the old stand of Northcutt, Marshall & Co., *on Main street, opposite Van Dalsem & Thompson's Woollen Factory.*

june 13 19- NORTHCUTT & CO.

MUSIC ON THE PIANO.

CHARLES & DR. H. A. SCHULTZE

HAVING permanently located in the city of Lexington, beg leave to inform the citizens of this place and the vicinity, that they are prepared to give **LESSONS ON THE PIANO FORTE** to all who may desire their services.—They can furnish undoubted testimonials of qualification from persons in Bourbon, Scott, Clarke and Fayette counties, and will be pleased to do so on application to them.

Further information can be obtained by application at the Music Store of Mr. Meyer, on the corner of Main and Mulberry streets, opposite the Phœnix Hotel, where all orders will be faithfully attended to.

N. B.—Dr. H. A. SCHULTZE will also give lessons on the VIOLIN to those who may be pleased to command his services.

MR. C. SCHULTZE begs leave to inform the Ladies of the city and county that he is prepared to give lessons on the Piano at his Boarding House, (Mrs. Browning's Parlor,) on Main street, Lexington, and will be pleased to do so to those who prefer taking lessons there.

Lexington, august 22 39-

LIME AND CEMENT WARE HOUSE,

On Main and Short Streets,

Lexington, Ky.,

Opposite the Christian Church.

WE keep constantly on hand all kinds of **PLASTERING MATERIALS,** such as **Sawed and Cut Laths;**

Springfield, (Ohio,) and Falls Lime, of superior quality for white-coating purposes, at Cincinnati prices, carriage added;

Tates Creek Lime, for White Washing.

New York Plaster of Paris, (Witherspoon's make;) **White Sand, &c.**

Hydraulic Cement, always fresh from the Mills; and Coarse, Sharp Sand for Cistern purposes. If you wish your Cisterns to hold water get fresh Cement and coarse, sharp sand.

We are prepared to do all kinds of *PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL PLASTERING,* on the shortest notice.

A. & B. H. HALL.

Lexington, sept 8 44-

Danville Tribune, Richmond Messenger and Winchester Chronicle, copy to amount of $3 each, and charge this office.

Every Body

KNOWING themselves indebted to me will please call and settle. My accounts are all made out to July 1st.

july 18 29 E. CLARK.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Isaac Cook, dec'd., are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, his administrator, properly authenticated, for adjustment; and all persons indebted to his estate will make payment to the undersigned.

JOHN CARTY,
july 25 31 Adm'r of Isaac Cook, dec'd.

W. CAMPBELL. JAMES M. YATES.
H. M. URMSTON.

CARPETS, CARPETS.

BEING in receipt of our SECOND IMPORTATION OF GOODS, we are now offering the greatest inducements to persons in want of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Our Stock comprises a very large and general assortment of

English Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels,
" Stair do,
Velvet Tapestrys,
Tapestry Ingrains,
Superfine "
2 and 3 Ply Carpets of all patterns.
4-4 Venicians, Wool, Worsted, and Cotton.
Stair Carpetings, of all kinds.
Rugs, Oil Cloths, Mattings, of all kinds.
Brocatells, Satin Delaines, Worsted and Cotton. Damasks, Shades and Fixtures, Cornices, Curtain Bands, Loop Cords and Tassels, &c., &c.

Also—a large assortment of **WALL PAPER** at the following low prices:

Common Papers	5, 8, 10, and 12½c.
Glazed do	15, 20, and 25c.
Gilt do	50, 60, and 75c.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, at 65, 75, and 90c.
All Wool Carpets, at 45c.
Velvet Tapestrys, at $1 12½.
Two Ply Carpets, at 25c.
All other goods at corresponding low prices.

CAMPBELL, YATES & CO.,
Short St., between the two Banks,
june 6 17- Lexington, Ky.

BUY THE BEST PIANO.

WE have a good supply of **Chickering & Sons, Soehbeler & Schmitd, and Steinway & Sons,** unrivalled PIANOS, all of which we will sell at Manufacturers' lowest cash prices.

Circular and price list to be had upon application.

CAMPBELL, YATES & CO.,
Short St., between the two Banks,
June 6 17- Lexington, Ky.

LAW CARD.

S. J. BRECKINRIDGE, Jr. GEORGE W. HUNT.

BRECKINRIDGE & HUNT,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

LEXINGTON, KY.,

WILL practice in the Fayette Courts and those of the surrounding counties.

Prompt attention will be paid to collections.

OFFICE on Short street opposite Court House.

april 20 5

CLOTHING.

THE undersigned keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of

Home-Made Clothing,

An article which he can recommend as being the best quality, both as to the goods and make.

Shirts,
Collars,
Gloves,
Suspenders,
Hosiery,
Cravats,
Neck Ties
AND POCKET HANDKERCHIES,

Together with all kinds of **UNDER-WEAR.**

Immediately opposite J. B. WILGUS & Co.'s Grocery, Main street, Lexington, Ky., between Mill and Mulberry.

T. M. FRAZER.

May 4, 1859.

J. T. FRAZER

May, at all times, be found at the above establishment, prepared to cut and make up Clothing in the best style.

CUTTING particularly attended to.

100,000 GERMAN CIGARS,

all grades, just received from the importer, will be sold cheap.

W. K. HIGGINS & HUNTER.

may 2 7

OYSTERS!

FIRST OF THE SEASON!

P. WILLGING begs leave to inform his friends and the citizens generally, that he has commenced receiving **FRESH OYSTERS** from Baltimore, by Express, and will continue to receive them daily during the season.

He deems it scarcely necessary to say, that he has made his arrangements to receive none but those of the first quality, as he has never heretofore offered for sale, any but the choicest Oysters to be found any where.

His **OYSTER SALOON** is now open, and persons wishing Oysters served up in the most approved style can at all times be accommodated.

Families and others will be supplied with Oysters by the Can in such quantities as may be desired.

His prices are so fixed that the Cash must be paid in all instances.

august 22 39-

Steam Engine for Sale.

I HAVE a **Second Hand Steam Engine,** in good order, which will be sold a bargain by application to

july 28 32-3m F. MONTMOLLIN, Jr.

LOST,

A LARGE handsome **Gold Pencil and Pen,** with the words "con amore" engraved upon the set. The pencil is valued for its associations, and the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

june 20 21-

Desirable House and Lot FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale her HOUSE AND LOT, on Hill street, adjoining the residences of F. Montmollin and P. P. Edge, and now occupied by Mr. E. S. Duncanson. The House is a new one, having been built but a few years, is in fine condition, and contains six rooms, besides the attic, together with Kitchen, Servants' room, &c. The lot is large one, being forty feet front on Hill street, running back about 275 feet to Water street, and upon the lower end is a small stable. It is situated in one of the best neighborhoods in the city, and is on the whole an admirable residence.

For further information purchasers are referred to A. S. Drake or Chas. R. Thompson, either of whom will take pleasure in showing the property and stating the terms.

HANNAH DRAKE.

june 27 23-

FRUIT TREES,

Grape Vines and Evergreens.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has at his Nursery, four miles from Lexington on the Versailles Turnpike, a variety of the choicest fruit trees, now ready for transplanting, viz: Peaches, Apples, Pears, Gooseberries, Currants, &c.,—also **Grape Vines,** of the finest quality, and a nice assortment of Evergreens, which persons desiring can obtain by application there, or he will deliver them at any point that may be desired.

As now is a good time for transplanting, persons desiring choice Fruits, Grapes or Evergreens, would do well to give me a call.

I will furnish all these articles at as low a price as they can be obtained in Kentucky.

march 7 93 JAMES FOLEY.

FOR SALE.

A NO. 1 **Young Negro Woman and her Three Children.** The Woman is a good Cook, and understands well the management of cows; the Children are two boys, aged six and eight years, and a girl aged three years. The woman is a faithful servant, and all very likely are sold for no fault, and will not be disposed of out of the county. Enquire of the Editor.

april 14 2-

R. W COOK,

Notary Public, Accountant and Collector,

HAS taken a room in the Store of Harvey R. Brown, where he will be happy to see any who may desire his services

march 7

THE OLD

DOMINION COFFEE POT

AND

COFFEE CONCENTRATOR.

MITCHELL & ADAMS

Manufacturers of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK

Sell Cooking Stoves, put on Tin Copper, and Sheet-Iron Roofing, House Guttering tin or Copper.

ALSO put up the best LIGHTNING RODS, on short notice. We are also Agents for A. LOTZE'S WARM AIR FURNACES, FOR HEATING AND VENTILATING BUILDINGS,

both public and private.

South Upper street, between Main and Water.

Feb. 19 90-

WATCHES

WATCHES,

WATCHES.

The finest stock of Watches ever in Lexington:

LEVERS,
CHRONOMETERS,
QUARTER SECONDS.

Jewelry; Silver Ware, &c.

The latest styles always on hand and made to order.

E. CLARK.

July 18 29

J. W. PECK, Sign Painter, Grainer and Fresco Painter. JAS. DONNELLY, House Painter and Paper Hanger.

PECK & DONNELLY,

House, Sign, and Ornamental

PAINTERS,

PAPER Hanging, Graining and Frescoing done in the neatest style.

Water Street, between Upper Mill, Lexington, Ky.

april 7 104

JOSEPH F. MILLER,

Manufacturer

OF STILLS, all kinds of COPPER WORK for Distilleries and Steam Engines. Also, every variety of

COPPER, TIN & SHEET IRON

WARE.

Particular attention given to JOB WORK, including Roofing and Guttering.

COPPER AND IRON PUMPS,

of every description, for drilled or bored wells of any depth—and warranted.

From long experience in his business, he is confident he will give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

Main street, Lexington, Ky., March 17, '58—97

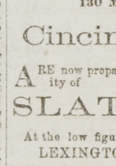
LOUISVILLE Galen's Head Dispensary,

ESTABLISHED 1850.

For the Cure of all Private Diseases

And for the Suppression of Quackery.

Office Located Corner Fifth street and Court Place,



WHERE THOSE WHO HAVE contracted diseases may obtain the best of medical aid, and those whose systems are tainted with the VENERIAL DISORDER or poisoned by MERCURY, may be speedily cured for life. Charges always as low as the nature of the case will admit of, and no fee required, except for medicines, until the cure is effected. Our office is conveniently arranged, so that persons may apply without the nature of their business being suspected.

The business of our office is strictly confidential.

YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain SECRET HABITS, which unfit them for marriage and the duties of life, bringing on SEMINAL WEAKNESS, nocturnal emissions, and a train of evils easier understood than described, by going through a course of treatment may be restored to the health and vigor of manhood. Those contemplating MARRIAGE should first consult us with regard to their ability to perform its duties.

MIDDLE-AGED and OLD MEN, who, from the follies of youth or other causes, feel a debility in advance of their years, may be reinvigorated to a natural degree by our APHRODISIAC REMEDIES.

"A PHYSIOLOGICAL TREATISE," for private reading, on the effects of self-abuse, private diseases, and other matters pertaining to both sexes, 52 pages, 18mo, with engravings illustrating the matter treated of, may be had GRATIS on application or by mail.

TO FEMALES.—Special attention given to all diseases of Females—Leucorrhea or "Whites," Chlorosis, Menstrual Diseases, Womb Complaint &c. Also, agent for Dr. DEWEES' FEMALE MONTHLY MIXTURE, a safe and certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregularities, &c., and is the only reliable "preventive of pregnancy," warranted not to injure the health. CAUTION!—It should not be used during pregnancy, as MISCARRIAGE would be the result, though always harmless.—Price $1 per box, and may be sent by mail.

PATIENTS "A DISTANCE," wishing to be cured at home, with perfect secrecy, by sending me a brief statement of case, will be furnished with a BLANK CHART, which, being filled out and returned to me, will indicate the disease much better than it could be described on a personal interview, and medicines will be sent, free of charge, to any part of the United States or Union.—Arrangements made for those who wish to come to this city and remain under treatment.

OFFICE HOURS—Daily from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. (Sundays, 8 to 12 A. M.) OFFICE—corner of Fifth street and Court Place, up stairs, between Market and Jefferson.

Address all letters to the Consulting Surgeon,

DR. T. WILLIAMS,
Louisville, Ky.

april 21 4-

SLATE ROOFING.

LOOMIS & BURROWS,

130 MAIN STREET,

Cincinnati, Ohio,

ARE now prepared to lay on the best quality of

SLATE ROOF,

At the low figure of $12.50 per Square in

LEXINGTON AND VICINITY.

Slate can be put **Over Old Shingle Roofs,** and thus save the building from exposure to inclement weather while the work is going on. The roof is also, if any thing, better than when laid on sheeting.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Information in regard to necessary preparations and expense, promptly given on application by mail.

LOOMIS & BURROWS,
130 Main street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

april 20 3-

CARTER & JOUET,

Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,

Louisville, Ky.,

WILL sell or forward Bagging & Rope, Jeans and Linseys. Any goods consigned to us will at all times receive prompt attention.

Refer to Geo. P. Jouett, Esq., Lexington, Ky.

LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT

—AND—

LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT

RAILROADS!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1860!

On and after Monday, May 14th,

Trains will leave Lexington Daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

FIRST TRAIN—At 5:30 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except North Benson, Buckner's, Brownsborough, Ormsby's, Race Course, Point, and Fair Grounds, connecting at Frankfort via Stage for Lawrenceburg and Shelbyville; at Eminence, for New Castle; and at Louisville, via afternoon train for Jeffersonville Railroad, making close connections for Chicago, St. Louis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, and all Western Cities.

Passengers for Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans, and all Southern Cities, connect with afternoon train of Nashville Railroad.

SECOND TRAIN—At 1:40 P. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Belleview Brownsboro', Race Course, and Fair Grounds, connecting at Eminence by Stage for New Castle. We leave thus early to make close connections for the West and South, with the Jeffersonville, and New Albany and Salem Railroads, for St. Louis, Cairo, and all Southern and Western Cities.

Trains arrive at Louisville, at 10:05 A. M., and 7:35 P. M.

Trains arrive at Lexington, at 10:50 A. M., and 7:25 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAIN—Leaves daily (Sunday's excepted,) at 6:25 A. M.

For Tickets, and all other infomation, call the Office, corner of Mill and Water streets.

SAM'L. GILL, Superintendent,
Lou. & Frank., and Lex. & Frank. R. R.

April 18 3

C. C. ROGERS. F. G. FLANAGAN.

ROGERS & FLANAGAN,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY,

WILL practice in the Courts of Fayette and the adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals and Federal Court at Frankfort.

may 19 17

Paints, Oils & Varnishes,

IN addition to our extensive Stock, we are just receiving

10,000 s. Fahnestock's Pure White Lead;
2,500 lbs. Waters & Fox's do. do.
5,000 lbs. Metropolitan do. do.
50 Cans genuine French Zinc;
50 " " Gloss Finish French Zinc;
100 Kegs American Zinc;
10 Bbls. Linseed Oil;
10 Bbls. Turpentine;
10 Cases Ex Chrome & Paris Greens;

Together with a complete assortment of every kind of PAINTS, necessary to House Painting, all of which we guarantee of best qualities, and which we are selling as low as any house west of the mountains.

HUNTER & BRUCE,
Grocers, Cheapside, Lexington, Ky.
may 12 10-

No. 3

WE have received the largest and most complete assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS!

that was ever at the old and well known No. 3, Upper street, consisting in part of

BLACK AND FOULARD

SILKS,

FIGURED AND PLAIN FRENCH AND ENGLISH

MERINOS, COBERGS, &c.

A splendid assortment all styles

Ladies' Travelling Goods,
Prints great variety,
Bleached and Brown Cottons and Sheetings,
Plaid Linseys,

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vesting!

And in fact, everything in a complete dry goods house. To the Ladies of this and the surrounding counties, we would say, all we ask is a call and you will be convinced that it will be to your interest to buy of us. Our goods were bought very low for cash, and we will sell them at very small profits to cash and short time buyers. Come one, and all and we we will show our goods and prices with pleasure.

B. S. We will exchange goods at cash prices for Jeans, Linseys, Carpets, Socks, and everything in the way of Country Produce.

Remember the place

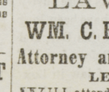
No. 3 Norton's New Buildinge,

Upper street, Lexington, Ky.

WYATT & BLINCOE.

sept 13 15

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.



THE attention of those who may wish to plant Fruit Trees is respectfully invited to the extensive stock of

Apples, Pears,
Peaches, Plums,
Apricots, Nectarines, Grapes,
Gooseberries, Raspberries,

And Small Fruits, in cultivation at EDMUND CRAIG'S Cheviot Gardens, Cincinnati, Ohio.

These Trees are of large size, vigorous and of healthy growth, comprise about all the *Choicest Varieties of Fruit,* and will come into bearing in from 1 to 3 years.

Also—**Evergreens and Deciduous Ornamental Trees** of large size, (from 4 to 12 feet, of compact and beautiful form,) *Roses, Spir as Flowering Shrubbery, Budding out plants, and Bulbous Roots,* to ornament your homes.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

N. B.—Trees can be taken and delivered at Lexington, *fresh from Cheviot Gardens,* and planted in a few hours, which is so important to insure success.

Messrs. TIPTON & ALVORD will receive orders, corner of Main street and Broadway, Lexington, Ky.

EDMOND C